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2 3 4 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, contracts for public works 5 6 involving an amount in excess of \$50,000 are subject to 7 the public works competitive bid procedures. 8 This bill would increase the threshold amount to 9 \$100,000 and would authorize an additional increase to the amount based on increases in the Consumer Price 10 11 Index. This bill would authorize the use of electronic 12 13 means to provide certain required notices. This bill would also authorize the use of 14 15 electronic sealed bids. Section 111.05 of the Constitution of Alabama of 16 17 2022, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect 18 would be to require a new or increased expenditure of 19 local funds from becoming effective with regard to a 20 local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 21 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of 22 specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected 23 entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or 24 provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for 25 the purpose. 26 The purpose or effect of this bill would be to

require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill



29	does not require approval of a local governmental
30	entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective
31	because it comes within one of the specified exceptions
32	contained in the amendment.
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35	A BILL
36	TO BE ENTITLED
37	AN ACT
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39	Relating to public works contracts; to amend Sections
40	39-1-1, 39-2-1, 39-2-2, and 39-2-6, Code of Alabama 1975, to
41	increase the threshold dollar amount for which competitive
42	bidding is generally required; to further provide for certain
43	notice procedures; to authorize the publication of notice by
44	electronic means; to authorize the use of electronic sealed
45	bids; to authorize certain statutory dollar amounts to be
46	increased based on increases in the Consumer Price Index; and
47	in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect
48	the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local
49	funds within the meaning of Section 111.05 of the Constitution
50	of Alabama of 2022.
51	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
52	Section 1. Sections 39-1-1, 39-2-1, 39-2-2, and 39-2-6,
53	Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
54	"§39-1-1
55	(a) Any person entering into a contract with an
56	awarding authority in this state for the prosecution of any



57 public works shall, before commencing the work, shall execute 58 a performance bond, with penalty equal to 100 percent of the 59 amount of the contract price. In addition, another bond, 60 payable to the awarding authority letting the contract, shall 61 be executed in an amount not less than 50 percent of the 62 contract price, with the obligation that the contractor or 63 contractors shall promptly make payments to all persons 64 supplying labor, materials, or supplies for or in the 65 prosecution of the work provided in the contract and for the payment of reasonable attorneys'attorney fees incurred by 66 67 successful claimants or plaintiffs in civil actions on the bond. 68

69 (b) Any person that has furnished labor, materials, or 70 supplies for or in the prosecution of a public work and 71 payment has not been made may institute a civil action upon the payment bond and have their rights and claims adjudicated 72 73 in a civil action and judgment entered thereon. 74 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a civil action shall not be 75 instituted on the bond until 45 days after written notice to 76 the surety of the amount claimed to be due and the nature of the claim. The civil action shall be commenced not later than 77 78 one year from the date of final settlement of the contract. The giving of notice by registered or certified mail, postage 79 80 prepaid, addressed to the surety at any of its places of 81 business or offices shall be deemed sufficient under this 82 section. In the event the surety or contractor fails to pay the claim in full within 45 days from the mailing of the 83 84 notice, then the person or persons may recover from the



85 contractor and surety, in addition to the amount of the claim, 86 a reasonable attorney'sattorney fee based on the result, 87 together with interest on the claim from the date of the 88 notice.

89 (c) Every person having a right of action on the last 90 described bond as provided in this section shall, upon written 91 application to the authority under the direction of whom the 92 work has been prosecuted, indicating that labor, material, 93 foodstuffs, or supplies for the work have been supplied and 94 that payment has not been made, shall be promptly furnished a 95 certified copy of the additional bond and contract. The claimant may bring a civil action in the claimant's name on 96 97 the bond against the contractor and the surety, or either of 98 them, in the county in which the work is to be or has been 99 performed or in any other county where venue is otherwise allowed by law. 100

101 (d) In the event a civil action is instituted on the 102 payment bond, at any time more than 15 days before the trial 103 begins, any party may serve upon the adverse party an offer to 104 accept judgment in favor of the offeror or to allow judgment 105 to be entered in favor of the offeree for the money or as 106 otherwise specified in the offer. If within 10 days after the 107 service of the offer, the adverse party serves written notice 108 that the offer is accepted, either party may then file the 109 offer and notice of acceptance together with proof of service and the clerk of the court shall enter judgment. An offer not 110 accepted shall be deemed withdrawn and evidence of the offer 111 112 shall not be admissible. If the judgment finally obtained by



113 the offeree is less favorable than the offer, the offeree shall pay the reasonable attorney's attorney fees and costs 114 115 incurred by the offeror after the making of the offer. An 116 offer that is made but not accepted does not preclude a 117 subsequent offer. When the liability of one party to another party has been determined by verdict, order, or judgment, but 118 119 the amount or extent of the liability remains to be determined 120 by further proceedings, any party may make an offer of 121 judgment, which shall have the same effect as an offer made before trial if the offer is made no less than 10 days prior 122 123 to the commencement of hearings to determine the amount or extent of liability. 124

(e) This section shall not require the taking of a bond to secure contracts in an amount less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).

(f) (1) The contractor shall, immediately after the completion of the contract, shall give notice of the completion by an advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation published within the city or county in which the work has been done, for a period of four successive weeks.publishing the notice for a minimum of three weeks using one or more of the following methods:

a. In a newspaper of general circulation in the county
or counties in which the work, or some portion thereof, has
been done.

b. On a website that is maintained by a newspaper of
general circulation in the county or counties in which the
work, or some portion thereof, has been done.



141	C		On	a	website	utilized	by	the	awarding	authority	for
142	publishi	Lng	y no	ot	ices.						

143	(2) If no newspaper is published in the county in which
144	the work was done, and if the awarding authority does not
145	utilize a website for the purpose of publishing notices, the
146	notice may be given by posting at the courthouse for 30 days,
147	and proof of the posting of the notice shall be given by the
148	awarding authority and the contractor.

149 (3) A final settlement shall not be made upon the contract until the expiration of 30 days after the completion 150 151 of the notice. Proof of publication of the notice shall be 152 made by the contractor to the authority by whom the contract 153 was made by affidavit of the publisher or website owner and a 154 printed copy of the notice published. If no newspaper is 155 published in the county in which the work is done, <u>the notice</u> 156 may be given by posting at the courthouse for 30 davs, and 157 proof of same shall be made by the judge of probate, sheriff, 158 and the contractor.

159 (4) For contracts for road resurfacing materials that 160 are awarded on an annual basis, where the bid specifications 161 include options such as a unit price for materials, a unit 162 price for the delivery of materials, or a unit price for 163 materials to be laid in place by the bidder, notice of 164 completion pursuant to this subsection may be given on an 165 annual basis upon completion of the project as a whole, rather 166 than at the completion of each proceed order. (g) Subsection (f) shall not apply to contractors 167

168 performing contracts of less than fifty thousand dollars



169 (\$50,000) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) in amount. In 170 such cases, the governing body of the contracting agency, to 171 expedite final payment, shall cause notice of final completion 172 of the contract to be published one time in a newspaper of 173 general circulation, published in the county of the 174 contracting agency and shall post notice of final completion the agency's bulletin board for one week, and shall require 175 176 the contractor to certify under oath that all bills have been 177 paid in full. Final settlement with the contractor may be made at any time after the notice has been posted for one entire 178 179 week." "§39-2-1 180 181 As used in this title, the following words shall have 182 the meanings ascribed to them as follows: 183 (1) AWARDING AUTHORITY. Any governmental board, 184 commission, agency, body, authority, instrumentality, 185 department, or subdivision of the state, its counties and 186 municipalities. This term includes, but shall not be limited 187 to, the Department of Transportation, the State Building 188 Commission the Division of Real Property Management of the 189 Department of Finance, the State Board of Education, and any 190 other entity contracting for public works. This term shall

191 exclude the State Docks Department and any entity exempted 192 from the competitive bid laws of the state by statute.

193 (2) FORCE ACCOUNT WORK. Work paid for by reimbursing 194 for the actual costs for labor, materials, and equipment usage 195 incurred in the performance of the work, as directed, 196 including a percentage for overhead and profit, where



197 appropriate.

198 (3) LIFE CYCLE COSTS. The total cost of ownership over 199 the extended life of a public works project, taking into 200 consideration the costs of construction, operation, and 201 maintenance, less any value obtained from salvage and 202 quantifiable environmental benefits, or the sum of all 203 recurring and one-time (non-recurring) costs over the full 204 life span or a specified period of a good, service, structure, 205 or system, including purchase price, installation costs, 206 operating costs, maintenance and upgrade costs, and remaining 207 (residual or salvage) value at the end of ownership or its useful life. 208

209 (4) PERSON. Natural persons, partnerships, limited
210 liability companies, corporations, and other legal entities.

(5) PUBLIC PROPERTY. Real property which the state, county, municipality, or awarding authority thereof owns or has a contractual right to own or purchase, including easements, rights-of-way, or otherwise.

215 (6) PUBLIC WORKS. The construction, installation, 216 repair, renovation, or maintenance of public buildings, 217 structures, sewers, waterworks, roads, curbs, gutters, side 218 walls, bridges, docks, underpasses, and viaducts as well as 219 any other improvement to be constructed, installed, repaired, renovated, or maintained on public property and to be paid, in 220 221 whole or in part, with public funds or with financing to be 222 retired with public funds in the form of lease payments or 223 otherwise."

224 "\$39-2-2



(a) (1) Before entering into any contract for a public
works involving an amount in excess of <u>fifty thousand dollars</u>
(\$50,000) <u>one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000)</u>, the
awarding authority shall advertise for sealed bids, except as
provided in subsection (j).

(2)a. If the awarding authority is the state, or a
county, or an instrumentality thereof, it shall advertise for
sealed bids at least once each week for three consecutive
weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or
counties in which the improvement, or some part thereof, is to
be made.

b. If the awarding authority is a municipality, or an 236 237 instrumentality thereof, it shall advertise for sealed bids at 238 least once in a newspaper of general circulation published in 239 the municipality where the awarding authority is located. If 240 no newspaper is published in the municipality, the awarding 241 authority shall advertise by posting notice thereof on a 242 bulletin board maintained outside the purchasing office and in 243 any other manner and for the length of time as may be 244 determined. In addition to bulletin board notice, sealed bids 245 shall also be solicited by sending notice by mail to all 246 persons who have filed a request in writing with the official 247 designated by the awarding authority that they be listed for 248 solicitation on bids for the public works contracts indicated 249 in the request. If any person whose name is listed fails to 250 respond to any solicitation for bids after the receipt of three such solicitations, the listing may be canceled. 251

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(3) With the exception of the Department of



253 Transportation, for all public works contracts involving an 254 estimated amount in excess of five hundred thousand dollars 255 (\$500,000), awarding authorities shall also advertise for 256 sealed bids at least once in three newspapers of general 257 eirculation throughout the state.

258 (4) (3) The advertisements shall briefly describe the 259 improvement, state that plans and specifications for the 260 improvement are on file for examination in a designated office 261 of the awarding authority, state the procedure for obtaining plans and specifications, state the time and place in which 262 263 bids shall be received and opened, and identify whether 264 pregualification is required and where all written 265 pregualification information is available for review.

266 <u>(5) (4)</u> All bids shall be opened publicly at the 267 advertised time and place.

268 (6) (5) No public work, as defined in this chapter,
269 involving a sum in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000)
270 one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) shall be split into
271 parts involving sums of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) one
272 hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) or less for the purpose of
273 evading the requirements of this section.

(b) (1) An awarding authority may let contracts for public works involving <u>fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000)</u> <u>one</u> <u>hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000)</u> or less with or without advertising or sealed bids.

(2) An awarding authority may enter into a contract for
public works if an advertisement for sealed bids for the
contract was submitted by the awarding authority to a



newspaper and the newspaper only published the advertisement for two weeks if the authority can provide proof that it, in good faith, submitted the advertisement to the newspaper with instructions to publish the notice in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(c) All contracts for public works entered into in
violation of this title shall be void and violative of public
policy. Anyone who willfully violates this article concerning
public works shall be guilty of a Class C felony.

290 (d) (1) Excluded from the operation of this title shall 291 be contracts with persons who shall perform only architectural, engineering, construction management, program 292 293 management, or project management services in support of the 294 public works and who shall not engage in actual construction, 295 repair, renovation, or maintenance of the public works with their own forces, by contract, subcontract, purchase order, 296 297 lease, or otherwise.

298 (2) Excluded from operation of the bidding requirements 299 in this title are contracts for the purchase of any heating or 300 air conditioning units or systems by any awarding authority 301 subject to Chapter 13B of Title 16, or Article 3, commencing 302 with Section 41-16-50, of Chapter 16 of Title 41, or Article 303 5, commencing with Section 41-4-110, of Chapter 4 of Title 41, 304 provided the contract is entered into with an Alabama vendor 305 who has been granted approved vendor status for the sale of 306 heating or air conditioning units or systems as a part of a purchasing cooperative, and each of the following occur: 307

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a. The heating or air conditioning unit or system being



309 purchased is available as a result of a competitive bid 310 process conducted by a governmental entity which has been 311 approved by the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts.

312 b. The purchase of the heating or air conditioning unit 313 or system is not available on the state purchasing program at 314 the time or the purchase under the purchasing cooperative is 315 available at a price that is equal to or less than that 316 available through the state purchasing program.

317 c. The entity entering into the contract for the 318 purchase of the heating or air conditioning unit or system has 319 been notified by the Department of Examiners of Public 320 Accounts that the competitive bid process utilized by the 321 cooperative program offering the goods complies with this 322 subdivision.

323 d. Upon request, the vendor has provided the purchasing 324 entity with a report of sales made under this subdivision 325 during the previous 12-month period, to include a general 326 description of the heating or air conditioning units and 327 systems sold, the number of units sold per entity, and the 328 purchase price of the units.

329 e. The exemption from the requirement to utilize sealed 330 bids for the purchase of heating or air conditioning units or 331 systems authorized by this section shall not serve to exempt 332 any public works project from the remaining provisions of this 333 article, including, but not limited to, design, installation, 334 and review requirements, compliance with all applicable codes, laws, specifications, and standards, and the compensation of 335 336 engineers, architects, or others as mandated by state law or



337 rule.

338	(e) (1) In case of an emergency affecting public health,
339	safety, or convenience, as declared in writing by the awarding
340	authority, setting forth the nature of the danger to the
341	public health, safety, or convenience which would result from
342	delay, contracts may be let to the extent necessary to meet
343	the emergency without public advertisement. The action and the
344	reasons for the action taken shall immediately be made public
345	by the awarding authority upon request. In case of an
346	emergency for which a delay in remedying would cause immediate
347	harm to a person or public property, contracts may be let to
348	the extent necessary to meet the emergency without public
349	advertisement or bidding.
350	(2) In case of an emergency affecting public health,
351	safety, or convenience, as declared in writing by the awarding
352	
	authority, setting forth the nature of the danger to the
353	authority, setting forth the nature of the danger to the public health, safety, or convenience which would result from
353 354	
	public health, safety, or convenience which would result from
354	public health, safety, or convenience which would result from delay, contracts may be let to the extent necessary to meet
354 355	public health, safety, or convenience which would result from delay, contracts may be let to the extent necessary to meet the emergency without public advertisement.
354 355 356	<pre>public health, safety, or convenience which would result from delay, contracts may be let to the extent necessary to meet the emergency without public advertisement.</pre>
354 355 356 357	<pre>public health, safety, or convenience which would result from delay, contracts may be let to the extent necessary to meet the emergency without public advertisement.</pre>
354 355 356 357 358	<pre>public health, safety, or convenience which would result from delay, contracts may be let to the extent necessary to meet the emergency without public advertisement.</pre>

362 the following requirements are met:

363 (1) Except for contracts involving the construction, 364 reconstruction, renovation, or replacement of public roads,



365 bridges, and water and sewer facilities, the awarding 366 authority can document to the satisfaction of the Division 367 Construction Management Division of Real Property Management 368 of the Department of Finance, or in the case of an educational 369 institution or state educational institution as provided 370 pursuant to Sections 41-4-353 and 41-4-400, to the 371 satisfaction of its governing board, that the sole source 372 product, material, system, or service is of an indispensable 373 nature for the improvement, that there are no other viable alternatives, and that only this particular product, material, 374 375 system, or service fulfills the function for which it is 376 needed.

377 (2) The sole source specification has been recommended
378 by the architect or engineer of record as an indispensable
379 item for which there is no other viable alternative.

380 (3) All information substantiating the use of a sole 381 source specification, including the recommendation of the 382 architect or engineer of record, shall be documented and made 383 available for examination in the office of the awarding 384 authority at the time of advertisement for sealed bids.

385 (g) In the event of a proposed public works project, 386 acknowledged in writing by the Alabama Homeland Security 387 Department as: (1) having a direct impact on the security or safety of persons or facilities; and (2) requiring 388 389 confidential handling for the protection of such persons or 390 facilities, contracts may be let without public advertisement but with the taking of informal bids otherwise consistent with 391 392 the requirements of this title and the requirements of



393 maintaining confidentiality. Records of bidding and award 394 shall not be disclosed to the public and shall remain 395 confidential.

(h) If a pre-bid meeting is held, the pre-bid meeting shall be held at least seven days prior to the bid opening except when the project has been declared an emergency in accordance with subsection (e).

400 (i) The awarding authority may not offer a contract for
401 bidding unless confirmation of any applicable grant has been
402 received and any required matching funds have been secured by
403 or are available to the awarding authority.

404 (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the Department of 405 Transportation may enter into contracts for road construction 406 or road maintenance projects that do not involve more than two 407 hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) without advertising for sealed bids, provided the project is listed on the 408 409 department website for at least seven calendar days before 410 entering into the contract. The total cost of all projects not 411 subject to advertising and sealed bids pursuant to this 412 subsection may not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in 413 the aggregate per year.

414 (k) For the purposes of this chapter, sealed bids may 415 also be solicited and submitted through electronic means

416 including, but not limited to, electrical, digital, magnetic,

417 optical, electromagnetic, or any other similar technology,

418 provided that the awarding authority adopts rules and policies

419 to ensure that all electronic submissions are transmitted

420 securely and bids remained sealed until bid opening.



421	(1)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any
422	entity subject to this chapter that is an awarding authority
423	of a contract for public works, by resolution or board action,
424	may purchase materials or equipment pursuant to subdivisions
425	(14), (16), 17), (18), or (19) of Section 41-16-51(a), even
426	when those materials or equipment are otherwise part of the
427	contract for public works subject to the requirements of this
428	
	title.
429	(2) Except for those materials or equipment described
430	in subdivision (1), the remaining portion of the public works
431	project shall be subject to the requirements of this title,
432	even if the remaining portion would involve an amount less
433	than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) as a result of
434	the exclusion of the purchase of the materials or equipment as
435	described in subdivision (1).
436	(m) The dollar amounts specified in this chapter shall
437	be adjusted beginning October 1, 2027, and every three years
438	thereafter. The adjustment to the dollar amounts shall be made
439	based on the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index
440	for all urban consumers, as published by the U.S. Department
441	of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and then rounded to the
442	nearest thousand dollars. The Department of Examiners of
443	Public Accounts shall notify the public of the adjusted dollar
444	amounts by July 1 before the fiscal year in which the changes
445	shall take effect."
446	"\$39-2-6

447 (a) The contract shall be awarded to the lowest448 responsible and responsive bidder, unless the awarding



449 authority finds that all the bids are unreasonable or that it 450 is not to interest of the awarding authority to accept 451 any of the bids. A responsible bidder is one who, among other 452 qualities determined necessary for performance, is competent, 453 experienced, and financially able to perform the contract. A 454 responsive bidder is one who submits a bid that complies with 455 the terms and conditions of the invitation for bids. Minor 456 irregularities in the bid shall not defeat responsiveness. The 457 bidder to whom the award is made shall be notified by telegram, confirmed facsimile, electronic mail, or letter at 458 459 the earliest possible date. If the successful bidder fails or refuses to sign the contract, to make bond as provided in this 460 461 chapter, or to provide evidence of insurance as required by 462 the bid documents, the awarding authority may award the 463 contract to the second lowest responsible and responsive bidder. If the second lowest bidder fails or refuses to sign 464 465 the contract, make bond as provided in this chapter, or to 466 provide evidence of insurance as required by the bid 467 documents, the awarding authority may award the contract to 468 the third lowest responsible and responsive bidder.

469 (b) If no bids or only one bid is received at the time 470 stated in the advertisement for bids, the awarding authority 471 may advertise for and seek other competitive bids, or the 472 awarding authority may direct that the work shall be done by 473 force account under its direction and control or, with the 474 exception of the Department of Transportation, the awarding authority may negotiate for the work through the receipt of 475 476 informal bids not subject to the requirements of this section.



Where only one responsible and responsive bid has been received, any negotiation for the work shall be for a price lower than that bid.

480 (c) When With the exception of the Department of 481 Transportation, when two or more bids are received, and all 482 bids exceed available funding for the contract, a local board 483 of education or a public two-year or four-year institution of 484 higher education the awarding authority may negotiate for the 485 work with the lowest responsible and responsive bidder, provided that the local board of education or public two-year 486 487 or four-year institution of higher education awarding authority can document the shortage of funding, that time is 488 489 of the essence, and that the negotiated changes are in the 490 public interest and do not materially alter the scope and 491 nature of the project.

(d) If the awarding authority finds that all bids received are unreasonable or that it is not to the interest of the awarding authority to accept any of the bids, the awarding authority may direct that the work shall be done by force account under its direction and control.

497 (e) On any construction project on which the awarding 498 authority has prepared plans and specifications, has received 499 bids, and has determined to do by force account or by 500 negotiation, the awarding authority shall make available the 501 plans and specifications, an itemized estimate of cost, and 502 any informal bids for review by the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts and, upon completion of the project by an 503 504 awarding authority, the final total costs together with an



505 itemized list of cost of any and all changes made in the 506 original plans and specifications shall also be made available 507 for review by the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts. 508 Furthermore, the above described information shall be made 509 public by the awarding authority upon request. Upon the 510 approval of the awarding authority, its duly authorized 511 officer or officers, when proceeding upon the basis of force 512 account, may let any subdivision or unit of work by contract 513 on informal bids.

(f) No provision of this section shall be interpreted as precluding the use of convict labor by the awarding authority. This section shall not apply to routine maintenance and repair jobs done by maintenance personnel who are regular employees of the awarding authority, nor shall it apply to road or bridge construction work performed by an awarding authority's regular employees and own equipment.

(g) No contract awarded to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder shall be assignable by the successful bidder without written consent of the awarding authority, and in no event shall a contract be assigned to an unsuccessful bidder whose bid was rejected because he or she was not a responsible or responsive bidder.

(h) Any agreement or collusion among bidders or prospective bidders in restraint of freedom of competition to bid at a fixed price or to refrain from bidding or otherwise shall render the bids void and shall cause the bidders or prospective bidders to be disqualified from submitting further bids to the awarding authority on future lettings. Any bidder



533 or prospective bidder who willfully participates in any 534 agreement or collusion in restraint of freedom of competition 535 shall be guilty of a felony and, on conviction thereof, shall 536 be fined not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) nor more 537 than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or, at the discretion of 538 the jury, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less 539 than one nor more than three years.

(i) Any disclosure in advance of the terms of a bid submitted in response to an advertisement for bids shall render the proceedings void and require advertisement and award anew.

(j) The lowest responsible and responsive bidder on a 544 545 public works project may be determined to be the bidder 546 offering the lowest life cycle costs. The lowest responsible 547 and responsive bidder shall otherwise meet all of the conditions and specifications contained in the invitation to 548 549 bid, except that a bidder may still be considered responsive 550 if he or she responds with a bid using different construction 551 materials than those specified in the invitation to bid if the 552 materials' use would result in lower life cycle costs for the 553 public works project. To utilize this provision to determine 554 the lowest responsible and responsive bidder, the awarding 555 authority must include a notice in the invitation to bid that the lowest responsible and responsive bidder may be determined 556 557 by using life cycle costs, and must also include in the 558 invitation to bid the criteria under which it shall evaluate the life cycle costs." 559

560

Section 2. Although this bill would have as its purpose



561 or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of 562 local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements 563 and application under Section 111.05 of the Constitution of 564 Alabama of 2022, because the bill defines a new crime or 565 amends the definition of an existing crime.

566 Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first 567 day of the third month following its passage and approval by 568 the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.