# 8YNXHF-1 02/21/2023 ZK (L) ZK 2023-183 House Judiciary Engrossed Substitute for HB123



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6	A BILL
7	TO BE ENTITLED
8	AN ACT
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10	Relating to firearms; to amend Section 13A-11-72, Code
11	of Alabama 1975, to provide a criminal penalty for a parent or
12	legal guardian who fails to reasonably secure their firearm
13	resulting in their minor possessing the firearm on the
14	premises of a public school; to make nonsubstantive, technical
15	revisions to update the existing code language to current
16	style; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose
17	or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of
18	local funds within the meaning of Section 111.05 of the
19	Constitution of Alabama of 2022.
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
21	Section 1. Section 13A-11-72, Code of Alabama 1975, is
22	amended to read as follows:
23	"\$13A-11-72
24	(a) $\underline{(1)}$ No person who has been convicted in this state
25	or elsewhere of committing or attempting to commit a crime of
26	violence, misdemeanor offense of domestic violence, violent
27	offense as listed in Section $12-25-32\frac{(15)}{(15)}$ , anyone who is
28	subject to a valid protection order for domestic abuse, or



- 29 anyone of unsound mind shall own a firearm or have one in his 30 or her possession or under his or her control. 31 (2) A violation of this subsection is a Class C felony. 32 (b) (1) No person who is a minor, except under the 33 circumstances provided in this section, a drug addict, or an habitual drunkard or who has a drug or alcohol addiction, 34 35 shall own a pistol or have one in his or her possession or 36 under his or her control. 37 (2) A violation of this subsection is a Class A 38 misdemeanor. 39 (c) (1) Subject to the exceptions provided by Section 13A-11-74, no person shall knowingly, with intent to do bodily 40 harm, carry or possess a deadly weapon on the premises of a 41 public school. 42 43 (d) (2) Possession of a deadly weapon with the intent to do bodily harm on the premises of a public school in A 44 violation of this subsection (c) of this section is a Class C 45 46 felony. 47 (c) (d) School security personnel and school resource 48 officers qualified under subsection (a) of Section 49 16-1-44.1(a), employed by a local board of education, and 50 authorized by the employing local board of education to carry 51 a deadly weapon while on duty are exempt from subsection (c) 52 of this section. Law enforcement officers are exempt from this 53 section, and persons with pistol permits issued pursuant to 54 Section 13A-11-75, are exempt from subsection (c) of this 55 section.
  - (e) (1) A parent or legal guardian of a minor shall



57 <u>store his or her firearms in a manner that reasonably secures</u>
58 the firearm from unauthorized or unlawful access by the minor.

- (2) Except as authorized under subsection (f), if a parent or legal guardian fails to reasonably secure a firearm as required under subdivision (1), and their minor gains access to the firearm and unlawfully possesses the firearm on the premises of a public school, the parent or legal guardian is quilty of a Class C felony A misdemeanor.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection, "reasonably secure" includes storing a firearm using a trigger lock or in a locked box or gun safe that requires a key, numerical or alphanumerical combination, or fingerprint to open. This subdivision shall not be interpreted to exclude other manners of storage from the meaning of "reasonably secure" as used within this subsection.
  - (f) A person shall not be in violation of Section

    13A-11-57, or 13A-11-76, and a minor shall not be in violation

    of or this section if the minor has permission to possess a pistol or other firearm from a parent or legal guardian who is not prohibited from possessing a firearm under state or federal law, and any of the following are satisfied:
  - (1) The minor is attending a hunter education course or a firearms safety course under the supervision of an adult who is not prohibited from possessing a firearm under state or federal law.
  - (2) The minor is engaging in practice in the use of a firearm or target shooting at an established range under the supervision of an adult who is not prohibited from possessing



85 a firearm under state or federal law.

- 3) The minor is engaging in an organized competition involving the use of a firearm or participating in or practicing for a performance by an organized group under 26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3) which uses firearms as part of the performance.
  - (4) The minor is hunting or fishing pursuant to a valid license, if required, and the person has the license in his or her possession; has written permission of the owner or legal possessor of the land on which the activities are being conducted; and the pistol or firearm, when loaded, is carried only in a manner discernible by ordinary observation.
  - (5) The minor is on real property under the control of the minor's parent, legal guardian, or grandparent.
  - (6) The minor is a member of the armed services or National Guard and the minor is acting in the line of duty.
  - (7) The minor is traveling by motor vehicle to any of the locations or activities listed in subdivisions (1) through (6), has written permission to possess the pistol or firearm by his or her parent or legal guardian, and the pistol or firearm is unloaded, locked in a compartment or container that is in or affixed securely to the motor vehicle, and is out of reach of the driver and any passenger in the motor vehicle.
  - (g) This section does not apply to a minor who uses a pistol or other firearm while acting in self-defense of himself, or herself, or other persons against an intruder into the residence of the minor or a residence in which the minor is an invited guest.



113 (h) For the purposes of this section, the following 114 terms have the following meanings: (h) The term "school resource officer" as used in this 115 116 section means an (6) SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER. An Alabama Peace 117 Officers' Standards and Training Commissioner-certified law enforcement officer employed by a law enforcement agency who 118 119 is specifically selected and specially trained for the school 120 setting. (i) The term "public school" as used in this section 121 applies only to a (4) PUBLIC SCHOOL. A school composed of 122 123 grades K-12 and shall include a school bus used for grades K-12.124 (i) The term "deadly weapon" as used in this section 125 means a (2) DEADLY WEAPON. A firearm or anything manifestly 126 127 designed, made, or adapted for the purposes of inflicting 128 death or serious physical injury, and such the term includes, 129 but is not limited to, a bazooka, hand grenade, missile, or 130 explosive or incendiary device; a pistol, rifle, or shotgun; 131 or a switch-blade knife, gravity knife, stiletto, sword, or 132 dagger; or any club, baton, billy, black-jack, bludgeon, or 133 metal knuckles. 134 (k) (1) The term "convicted" as used in this section requires that the (1) CONVICTED. a. Means a person was 135 136 represented by counsel in the case, or knowingly and 137 intelligently waived the right to counsel in the case if 138 required by law, and either the case was tried before a judge, tried by a jury, or the person knowingly and intelligently 139 140 waived the right to have the case tried, by guilty plea or



141 otherwise.

(2)b. A person may is not be considered to have been convicted for the purposes of this section if the person is not considered to have been convicted in the jurisdiction in which the proceedings were held or the conviction has been expunged, set aside, or is of an offense for which the person has been pardoned or has had his or her civil rights restored, unless the pardon, expungement, or restoration of civil rights expressly provides that the person may not ship, transport, possess, or receive firearms.

(1) The term "misdemeanor offense of domestic violence" as used in this section means a (3) MISDEMEANOR OFFENSE OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE. A misdemeanor offense that has, as its elements, the use or attempted use of physical force or the threatened use of a dangerous instrument or deadly weapon, and the victim is a current or former spouse, parent, child, person with whom the defendant has a child in common, or a present or former household member.

(m) The term "valid protection order" as used in this section means an (8) VALID PROTECTION ORDER. An order issued after a hearing of which the person received actual notice, and at which the person had an opportunity to participate, that does any either of the following:

(1)a. Restrains the person from harassing, stalking, or threatening a qualified individual or child of the qualified individual or person or engaging in other conduct that would place a qualified individual in reasonable fear of bodily injury to the individual or child and that includes a finding



- that the person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of the qualified individual or child.
- 171 (2)b. By its terms, explicitly prohibits the use,
  172 attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the
  173 qualified individual or child that would reasonably be

expected to cause bodily injury.

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- (n) The term "qualified individual" as used in

  subsection (m), (5) QUALIFIED INDIVIDUAL. As used in

  subdivision (6) of this subsection, means a spouse or former

  spouse of the person, an individual who is a parent of a child

  of the person, or an individual who cohabitates or has

  cohabited with the person.
- (o) The term "unsound mind" as used in this section

  includes (7) UNSOUND MIND. Includes any person who is subject

  to any of the findings listed below, and who has not had his

  or her rights to possess a firearm reinstated by operation of

  law or legal process:
  - (1) a. Found by a court, board, commission, or other lawful authority that, as a result of marked subnormal intelligence, mental illness, incompetency, condition, or disease, is a danger to himself, or herself, or others or lacks the mental capacity to contract or manage his or her own affairs.
- (2)b. Found to be insane, not guilty by reason of
  mental disease or defect, found mentally incompetent to stand
  trial, or found not guilty by a reason of lack of mental
  responsibility by a court in a criminal case, to include
  state, federal and military courts.



197	(3)c. Involuntarily committed for a final commitment
198	for inpatient treatment to the Department of Mental Health or
199	a Veterans' Administration hospital by a court after a
200	hearing."
201	Section 2. Although this bill would have as its purpose
202	or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of
203	local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements
204	and application under Section 111.05 of the Constitution of
205	Alabama of 2022, because the bill defines a new crime or
206	amends the definition of an existing crime.
207	Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first
208	day of the third month, following its passage and approval by
209	the Governor or its otherwise becoming law.