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4	SYNOPSIS:
5	Under existing law, the practice of podiatry is
6	defined to include the diagnosis and treatment of
7	disorders of the human foot.
8	This bill would expand the scope of the practice
9	of podiatry to include the treatment of disorders of
10	the foot and ankle.
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13	A BILL
14	TO BE ENTITLED
15	AN ACT
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17	Relating to podiatry; to amend Section 34-24-230, Code
18	of Alabama 1975; to expand the scope of the practice of
19	podiatry to include treatment of disorders of the foot and
20	ankle.
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
22	Section 1. Section 34-24-230, Code of Alabama 1975, is
23	amended to read as follows:
24	" §34-24-230
25	For purposes of this title, the following terms shall
26	have the respective meanings ascribed by this section:
27	(1) ANKLE. Consists of the ankle joint which consists
28	of the distal third of the tibia and fibula and their



30 surrounding the foot and ankle. 31 (1) (8) PODIATRY. The diagnosis and treatment of 32 disorders of the human foot and ankle, as described herein. 33 (2) (9) PRACTICE OF PODIATRY. The diagnosis and medical or surgical or mechanical or manipulative or electrical 34 35 treatment of any ailment of the human foot or ankle-except 36 such definition does not include the amputation of the foot or 37 the administering of an anesthetic other than local and the surgical treatment of ailments of the human foot or ankle 38 39 limited anatomically to the foot or ankle. The practice of podiatry shall include the amputation of the toes and other 40 parts of the foot and ankle, but shall not include any 41 42 amputation above the Chopart joint. A podiatrist may prescribe 43 drugs that relate specifically to the scope of practice 44 authorized herein. 45 (4) FOOT. The terminal appendage of the lower extremity 46 and contains 28 bones and is divided into three parts - the 47 forefoot, the midfoot, and the hindfoot. The forefoot consists 48 of 14 phalanges, five metatarsals, and the tibial and fibular 49 sesamoid bones. The midfoot consists of five tarsal bones and 50 their articulations. The hindfoot consists of two tarsal 51 bones, the calcaneus, and the talus. The foot is defined as 52 including all 28 complete bony structures below the ankle 53 joint. 54 (2) DIAGNOSIS. The process of ascertaining a disease or ailment by its general symptoms. 55 56 (4) (7) MEDICAL TREATMENT. The application to or

articulations with the talus and the soft tissue structures

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57 prescription for the foot or ankle of pads, fiberglass, 58 adhesives, felt, plaster, or any medicinal agency for both external and internal use in connection with treatment of 59 60 local ailments of the human foot or ankle, except such definition. The term does not include the medical treatment of 61 62 any systemic disease, but does allow treating includes 63 treatment for the local manifestations of those systemic 64 diseases in the foot or ankle. 65 (5) (10) SURGICAL TREATMENT. The use of any cutting instrument to treat a disease, ailment, or condition of the 66 human foot or ankle as defined herein, except that a 67 podiatrist shall not be authorized to amputate the human foot, 68 or perform any surgery on the human body at or above the ankle 69 joint, or administer anesthetics other than local anesthetics. 70 71 (6) MECHANICAL TREATMENT. The application of any mechanical appliance made of steel, leather, felt, or any 72 73 material to the foot or ankle or in the shoe for the purpose of treating any disease, deformity, or ailment. 74 75 (7) (5) MANIPULATIVE TREATMENT. The use of the hand or 76 machinery in the operation or working upon the foot and or 77 ankle its articulations. 78 (8) (3) ELECTRICAL TREATMENT. Any treatment by means and 79 methods supplied by electric current. (9) HUMAN FOOT. The terminal appendage of the lower 80 81 extremity. It contains 26 bones and is divided into three parts - the forefoot, the midfoot, and the hindfoot. The 82 forefoot consists of 14 phalanges and five metatarsals. The 83

midfoot consists of five tarsal bones and their articulation

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85 The hindfoot consists of two tarsal bones, the calcaneus and the talus. The foot is defined as including all 26 complete 86 boney structures below the ankle joint, which ankle joint 87 88 consists of the distal tibia and fibula and their 89 articulations with the talus. The distal aspect of the tibia 90 and fibula, the achilles tenden, and all structures above the dome of the talus reside within the leg." 91 92 Section 2. A podiatrist may not surgically treat 93 osseous ailments of the ankle unless he or she has completed at least 36 months of post-graduate residency training 94 95 approved by the Council on Podiatric Medical Educations of the 96 American Podiatric Medical Association. Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first 97 day of the third month following its passage and approval by 98 99 the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.