

- 1 11EDLZ-1
- 2 By Senators Elliott, Givhan, Sessions, Kelley, Hovey,
- 3 Chesteen, Hatcher, Jones, Weaver
- 4 RFD: County and Municipal Government
- 5 First Read: 04-Apr-23



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#### SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law, various occupational licensing boards are responsible for regulating different professions and the licensees determined by the boards to be qualified to practice within those professions.

This bill would establish the Occupational Licensing Boards Division within the office of the Secretary of State as a centralized entity to regulate and provide oversight to all occupational licensing boards operating in the state, with certain exceptions.

This bill would provide for the appointment of an executive director, deputy directors, and other staff for the division, including investigators, and would provide uniformity for certain provisions relating to licensing, fees, board membership, funding, and expenses.

24 A BILL

25 TO BE ENTITLED

26 AN ACT

To add Chapter 9B to Title 41, Code of Alabama 1975, to



- 29 establish the Occupational Licensing Boards Division in the
- office of the Secretary of State; to provide that the division
- 31 is responsible for the oversight and regulation of certain
- 32 occupational licensing boards; to provide for the appointment
- of an executive director, deputy directors, and the employment
- 34 of staff, including investigators; to provide standards for
- determining fees; to provide for the appointment of members
- 36 and the reimbursement of their expenses; to provide uniformity
- in the collection of fees and the deposit of monies received
- 38 into the State General Fund.
- 39 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- Section 1. Chapter 9B is added to Title 41 of the Code
- 41 of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:
- 42 CHAPTER 9B. OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING BOARDS DIVISION.
- §41-9B-1. For the purposes of this chapter, the
- 44 following terms shall have the following meanings:
- 45 (1) BOARD. An occupational licensing board, as defined
- in Section 41-9A-1, that is subject to this chapter. The term
- 47 does not include any of the following:
- a. The Board of Medical Examiners.
- 49 b. The Board of Nursing.
- 50 c. The Real Estate Commission.
- d. The Board of Dental Examiners of Alabama.
- 52 e. The Board of Examiners on Admission to the State
- 53 Bar.
- f. The Alabama State Board of Pharmacy.
- 55 g. The State Licensing Board for General Contractors.
- h. The Alcoholic Beverage Control Board.



- i. The Home Builders Licensure Board.
- j. The State Board of Licensure for Professional
- 59 Engineers and Land Surveyors.
- 60 (2) DIVISION. The occupational licensing boards
- 61 division within the office of the Secretary of State,
- 62 responsible for the oversight and regulation of occupational
- 63 licensing boards.
- (3) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR. The individual appointed by the
- 65 Secretary of State as executive director of the division.
- \$41-9B-2. (a) (1) There is created within the office of
- 67 the Secretary of State the occupational licensing boards
- 68 division. The Secretary of State shall appoint an executive
- 69 director of the division.
- 70 (2) Any action taken with regard to any board before
- 71 the effective date of this chapter shall be deemed to be
- 72 action taken by the executive director of the division, and
- 73 the executive director shall thereafter act in the stead of
- and succeed to the powers and duties of the boards. The
- 75 rights, privileges, entitlements, or duties of parties to
- 76 contracts, leases, agreements, or other transactions entered
- into by a board prior to the effective date of this act shall
- 78 continue to exist and shall not be impaired or diminished by
- 79 reason of the succession of the executive director to the
- 80 powers and duties of the board.
- 81 (b) The salary of the executive director shall be fixed
- 82 by the Secretary of State, and he or she shall hold office at
- 83 the pleasure of the Secretary of State.
- 84 (c) The Secretary of State, notwithstanding any other



85 provisions of law to the contrary, shall employ personnel as 86 deemed necessary to carry out this chapter and to provide for 87 all services required by each of the boards and shall 88 establish within the guidelines provided by the laws and rules of the State Personnel Board the qualifications of the 89 90 personnel. All personnel shall be subject to the Merit System 91 Act and shall receive all benefits and privileges of the state 92 Merit System law in the same manner and to the same extent as 93 other Merit System employees of this state.

(d) The executive director, with the approval of the Secretary of State, notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, shall enter into contracts as are deemed necessary to carry out this chapter to provide for all services required by each of the boards.

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- 99 (e) The Secretary of State, notwithstanding any other 100 provisions of law to the contrary, may employ and shall set the qualifications and salary for an executive director for 101 102 the division and shall appoint deputy directors, as required, 103 who shall act in the absence of the executive director and who 104 shall perform other functions of the executive director under 105 this chapter as the executive director may designate. The 106 executive director and deputy directors as appointed shall be 107 in the unclassified service and shall be excluded from the 108 classified service.
  - (f) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, each member of the various boards shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses at the same rate and under the same

- circumstances as are payable by law to state employees for each day they attend business of the board. Per diem and travel expenses for members who are state officers or employees shall be paid from the budget of their state employer. Any board member shall also be reimbursed for any conference or meeting registration fee incurred in the performance of his or her duties as a board member. Requests for reimbursement of expenses submitted by members of the various boards are subject to approval of the president or chair of the respective board and the executive director.
- (g) All meetings and hearings of the respective boards shall be held in the City of Montgomery, at the site of the office of the respective board, or at another site as may be requested by the chair or president of a board and approved by the executive director.
- (h) A majority of the appointed members of a board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business by that board and members of a board shall serve until the expiration of the term for which they were appointed, and until their successors have been appointed and qualified, unless otherwise specified under this chapter.
- (h) A schedule of all meetings and hearings of the various boards shall be maintained at the office of the executive director and be available for public review on the website of the Secretary of State.
- (i) The executive director may establish administrative rules for the examination of applicants for licensure by the various boards, notwithstanding any other provisions of law to



141 the contrary. These administrative rules may include the 142 setting of date, time, and location of examinations, subject 143 to the approval of the respective boards. Notwithstanding any 144 other provisions of law to the contrary, examination criteria, examination grading procedures, examination fees, examination 145 146 passing score requirements, and other matters pertaining to 147 the examination of applicants for licensure may be adopted by 148 rules of the respective boards as necessary to implement the 149 examination standards. Examination standards, including examination criteria, grading procedures, and passing score 150 151 requirements, developed in agreement or in conjunction with a national association of state boards or other related national 152 153 association for the administration of a nationally recognized 154 uniform examination may be adopted in lieu of state standards 155 by the respective boards.

(j) The executive director shall prepare and maintain a roster containing the names and addresses of all current licensees for each of the various boards. A copy of this roster, except for home addresses of licensees, shall be available to any individual upon request at a fee prescribed by the executive director sufficient to cover the cost of printing and distribution. The following shall be treated as confidential and may not be disclosed without the approval of the board to which application is made:

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- (1) Applications and other personal information, including home addresses, submitted by applicants, except to the applicant, staff, and the board.
  - (2) Information, favorable or unfavorable, submitted by



- a reference source concerning an applicant, except to the staff and the board.
- 171 (3) Examination questions and other examination 172 materials, except to the staff and the board.
- 173 (4) The deliberations of the board with respect to an
  174 application, an examination, a complaint, an investigation, or
  175 a disciplinary proceeding, except as may be contained in
  176 official board minutes.
- 177 (k) Funding for the office of the executive director
  178 and the various boards served by the office shall be contained
  179 in a common budget under the office of the Secretary of State.
  180 All fees, fines, and other monies collected by the various
  181 boards shall deposited in a common fund of the division to the
  182 credit of the respective board.
- \$41-9B-3. (a) The executive director shall do all of the following:
- 185 (1) Collect and maintain all records relating to the boards.
- 187 (2) Receive all applications for licenses.
- 188 (3) Schedule the time and place for examinations, with 189 the consent of the respective board.
- 190 (4) Schedule the time and place for all hearings.
- 191 (5) Issue certificates upon authority of the respective board.
- 193 (6) Except as otherwise provided by law, collect all
  194 fees required by law in connection with the licensing of
  195 trades and occupations under the boards and remit the same to
  196 the State Treasurer for deposit into the State General Fund.

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Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the division may retain funds received as collection fees for use in defraying the actual cost of operations under this chapter. Any fees in excess of the cost of operations shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the State General Fund. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow the executive director to retain any funds required by the Constitution of Alabama of 2022 to be paid into the State Treasury. The executive director shall allocate and disburse funds appropriated pursuant to rules and procedures established and in accordance with the Budget Management Act.

(b) All orders and processes of the boards shall be signed and attested by the executive director, or his or her designee, in the name of the particular board, with the seal of that board attached. Any notice or legal process necessary to be served upon any of the boards may be served upon the executive director.

§41-9B-4. (a) The executive director shall determine the expiration, renewal, and penalty dates for each license and certificate issued by the boards through the office of the executive director which is subject to renewal. Before becoming effective, these expiration, renewal, and penalty dates shall be subject to approval by the chair of the respective board.

(b) Each license and certificate issued by the boards through the office of the executive director which are subject to renewal shall be valid for up to two years and shall be renewable biennially on the renewal date established by the

225 executive director, as approved by the respective board.

(c) The executive director shall adopt the necessary rules, pursuant to the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act, to implement the biennial renewal of licenses and certificates in a manner as to ensure that the number of renewals is reasonably evenly distributed throughout each two-year period.

\$41-9B-5. An individual hired for the purpose of conducting investigations for the boards shall be designated as an investigator and any individual so designated shall have all the powers of a peace officer of this state when engaged in the enforcement of this chapter or of any of the laws creating or related to the boards. No individual may serve as an investigator for the division unless he or she meets the minimum standards established for law enforcement officers by the Alabama Peace Officers' Standards and Training Commission and additional standards as provided by law or as the director may provide. An investigator, upon the written approval of the executive director, may carry firearms.

\$41-9B-6. The venue of any action involving a member of any board shall be governed by the laws of this state pertaining to venue. The executive director may not be considered a member of any board in determining the venue of any action, and no court shall have jurisdiction over any action solely by virtue of the executive director residing or maintaining a residence within its jurisdiction.

§41-9B-7. Each board may charge an examination fee, license fee, or license renewal fee and may establish the amount of the fee to be charged. Each fee so established shall



be reasonable and shall be determined in a manner that the
total amount of fees charged by the board shall approximate
the total of the direct and indirect costs to the state of the
operations of the board. Fees may be refunded as determined by
the executive director.

- 41-9B-8. (a) The executive director shall establish a preference policy for former and active members of the United States Armed Forces.
- (b) If an examination given by a board is required in parts or by subjects and the applicant is required to make a minimum grade on each of the parts or subjects, the points to which the applicant is entitled shall be added to the grade made on each part or subject before the average of his or her grade on all of the parts or subjects is determined.
- (c) An individual grading an examination required by a board shall first grade the examination without reference to veteran credit, determining thereafter from the proof submitted whether an applicant is a veteran and is entitled to a credit. If the applicant is entitled to a credit, one shall be added to his or her grade. If after the addition the grade awarded the applicant equals or exceeds the grade required to pass the examination, the applicant shall be entitled to be certified as having passed the examination.
  - (d) The executive director shall inform applicants taking the examination of the provisions of this section, and the executive director shall adopt rules as necessary to implement this section.
    - (e) This section does not apply to any applicant who



- 281 was dishonorably discharged.
- §41-9B-9. Each board shall be responsible for
- 283 appointing board members, filling vacancies on the board, and
- 284 removing members from the board in the manner provided by
- their respective laws or as otherwise provided by law.
- §41-9B-10. After January 1, 2024, no existing agreement
- or contract between a board and a third party may be renewed
- unless the agreement or contract is in compliance with this
- 289 chapter.
- 290 §41-9B-11. Without affecting the eligibility to vote of
- any other member of a board, each consumer member of a board
- 292 shall be eligible to vote on all matters brought before that
- 293 board.

- §41-9B-12. (a) A board may refuse to grant a license to
- an applicant, may revoke the license of, or may discipline an
- 296 individual licensed by that board, upon a finding by a
- 297 majority of the entire board that the licensee or applicant
- 298 has done any of the following:
- 299 (1) Failed to demonstrate the qualifications or
- 300 standards for a license contained in this section, or under
- 301 the laws or rules under which licensure is sought or held. An
- 302 applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board
- 303 that he or she meets all the requirements for the issuance of
- 304 a license, and, if the board is not satisfied as to the
- 305 qualifications of the applicant, the board may deny a license
- 306 without a prior hearing. Upon request, the applicant shall be
- 307 allowed to appear before the board.
  - (2) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or



fraudulent representations in the practice of a business or occupation regulated by this chapter or on any document connected therewith; practiced fraud or deceit or intentionally made any false statement in obtaining a license to practice the licensed business or occupation; or made a

- 314 false statement or deceptive registration with the board.
- 315 (3) Been convicted of any felony or of any crime 316 involving moral turpitude in the courts of this state or any 317 other state, territory, or country or in the courts of the United States. For the purposes of this section, a felony 318 319 includes any offense that, if committed in this state, would be deemed a felony, without regard to its designation 320 321 elsewhere, and a conviction includes a finding or verdict of 322 quilty or a plea of quilty, regardless of whether an appeal of 323 the conviction has been sought.
- 324 (4) a. Been arrested, charged, and sentenced for the 325 commission of any felony, or any crime involving moral 326 turpitude, where any of the following occurred:
- 1. A sentence for the offense was imposed pursuant to a diversion program of this state or another state.
- 329 2. A sentence for the offense was imposed as a result 330 of a plea of nolo contendere.
- 331 3. An adjudication of guilt or sentence was otherwise withheld or not entered on the charge.
- 333 b. A diversion program order entered pursuant to a
  334 first offender law of this state or another state shall be
  335 conclusive evidence of an arrest and sentencing for the
  336 offense.

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- (5) Had his or her license to practice a business or occupation regulated by this chapter revoked, suspended, or annulled by any lawful licensing authority other than the board; had other disciplinary action taken against him or her by any lawful licensing authority other than the board; was denied a license by any lawful licensing authority other than the board, pursuant to disciplinary proceedings; or was refused the renewal of a license by any lawful licensing authority other than the board, pursuant to disciplinary proceedings.
- (6) Engaged in any unprofessional, immoral, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct or practice harmful to the public that materially affects the fitness of the licensee or applicant to practice a business or occupation regulated by this chapter or is of a nature likely to jeopardize the interest of the public. The conduct or practice need not have resulted in actual injury to any individual or be directly related to the practice of the licensed business or occupation but shows that the licensee or applicant has committed any act or omission which is indicative of bad moral character or untrustworthiness. The conduct or practice shall also include any departure from, or the failure to conform to, the minimal reasonable standards of acceptable and prevailing practice of the business or occupation regulated by this chapter.
- (7) Knowingly performed any act that in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or encourages any unlicensed individual, or any licensee whose license has been suspended or revoked by a board, to practice a business or occupation



regulated by this chapter or to practice outside the scope of any disciplinary limitation placed upon the licensee by the board.

- (8) Violated a statute, law, or any rule of this state, any other state, the board superintending the business or occupation regulated by this chapter, the United States, or any other lawful authority without regard to whether the violation is criminally punishable when the statute, law, or rule relates to or in part regulates the practice of a business or occupation regulated by this chapter, and when the licensee or applicant knows or should know that the action violates the statute, law, or rule; or violated a lawful order of the board previously entered by the board in a disciplinary hearing, consent decree, or license reinstatement.
- (9) Been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction within or outside this state. Any adjudication shall automatically suspend the license of the individual and shall prevent the reissuance or renewal of any license so suspended for so long as the adjudication of incompetence is in effect.
- occupation regulated by this chapter with reasonable skill and safety to the public or has become unable to practice the licensed business or occupation with reasonable skill and safety to the public by reason of illness or the use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material.
- 392 (11) Failed to comply with an order for child support.



The applicant or licensee shall supply a notice of release to the board from the child support agency within the Department of Human Resources indicating that the applicant or licensee has come into compliance with an order for child support so that a license may be issued or granted if all other

398 conditions for licensure are met.

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- 399 (b) The Alabama Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter
  400 22 of this title, with respect to emergency action by a board
  401 and summary suspension of a license are adopted and
  402 incorporated by reference into this section.
  - (c) For purposes of this section, a board may obtain, through subpoena by the executive director, upon reasonable grounds, any and all records relating to the mental or physical condition of a licensee or applicant, and the records shall be admissible in any hearing before the board.
- 408 (d) When a board finds that any individual is
  409 unqualified to be granted a license or finds that any
  410 individual should be disciplined pursuant to subsection (a) or
  411 the laws or rules relating to the business or occupation
  412 licensed by the board, the board may take any one or more of
  413 the following actions:
  - (1) Refuse to grant or renew a license to an applicant.
- 415 (2) Administer a public or private reprimand that may 416 not be disclosed to any individual except the licensee.
- 417 (3) Suspend any license for a definite period or for an 418 indefinite period in connection with any condition which may 419 be attached to the restoration of the license.
- 420 (4) Limit or restrict any license as the board deems



- 421 necessary for the protection of the public.
- 422 (5) Revoke any license.

- disposition pending, the applicant's or licensee's submission to any care, counseling, or treatment as the board may direct.
- 426 (7) Impose a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars 427 (\$500) for each violation of a law or rule relating to the 428 licensed business or occupation.
  - (8) Impose fees or charges in an amount necessary to reimburse the board for the administrative and legal costs incurred by the board in conducting an investigative or disciplinary proceeding.
  - (e) In addition to and in conjunction with the actions described in subsection (d), a board may make a finding adverse to the licensee or applicant but withhold imposition of judgment and penalty or may impose the judgment and penalty but suspend enforcement and place the licensee on probation, which may be vacated upon noncompliance with any reasonable terms as the board may impose.
  - (f) Initial judicial review of a final decision of a board shall be had solely in the Circuit Court of Montgomery County. The court may assess reasonable and necessary attorney fees and expenses of litigation in any review if, upon the motion of any party or the court itself, the court finds that an attorney or any party aggrieved by an action of the board appealed the action of the board or any part thereof when the appeal lacked substantial justification or when the appeal or any part thereof was interposed for delay or harassment or if



the court finds that an attorney or aggrieved party
unnecessarily expanded the proceeding by other improper
conduct. As used in this subsection, lacked substantial
justification means substantially frivolous, substantially

groundless, or substantially vexatious.

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- (g) A board may reinstate a license that has been revoked or issue a license that has been denied or refused, following procedures as the board may prescribe by rule, and, as a condition thereof, a board may impose any disciplinary or corrective method provided in this section or the laws relating to the licensed business or occupation.
- 460 (h)(1) The executive director may make, or cause to be 461 made through employees or agents of the division, 462 investigations as he or she or a respective board may deem 463 necessary or proper for the enforcement of this section and 464 the laws relating to businesses and occupations licensed by 465 that board. Any individual properly conducting an 466 investigation on behalf of a board shall have access to and may examine any writing, document, or other material relating 467 468 to the fitness of any licensee or applicant. The executive 469 director or his or her appointed representative may issue 470 subpoenas to compel access to any writing, document, or other 471 material upon a determination that reasonable grounds exist 472 for the belief that a violation of this section or any other 473 law relating to the practice of the licensed business or 474 occupation subject to regulation or licensing by this chapter or the board may have taken place. 475
  - (2) The results of all investigations initiated by the

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board shall be reported solely to the board, and the records of any investigation shall be kept for the board by the executive director, with the board retaining the right to have access at any time to the records. No part of any records shall be released, except to the board, for any purpose other than a hearing before the board, nor shall the records be subject to subpoena. The board may release the records to another law enforcement agency or lawful licensing authority.

- (3) If a licensee is the subject of a board inquiry, all records relating to any individual who receives services rendered by that licensee in his or her capacity as licensee shall be admissible at any hearing held to determine whether a violation of this chapter has taken place, regardless of any statutory privilege. Any documentary evidence relating to an individual who received those services shall be reviewed in camera and may not be disclosed to the public.
- (4) The board may exclude all individuals during its deliberations on disciplinary proceedings and may discuss any disciplinary matter in private with a licensee or applicant and the legal counsel of that licensee or applicant.
- (5) When a member of the public files a complaint with a board or the executive director against a licensee, within 30 days after the conclusion of the investigation of the complaint, the board or the executive director shall notify the complainant of the disposition of the complaint. Notification shall include whether any action was taken by the board with regard to the complaint and the nature of that action. In addition, the executive director and the board,

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upon request by the complainant, shall advise the complainant as to the status of the complaint during the period of time that the complaint is pending.

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- (i) An individual, firm, corporation, association, authority, or other entity shall be immune from civil and criminal liability for reporting or investigating the acts or omissions of a licensee or applicant which violate subsection (a) or any other provision of law relating to a licensee's or applicant's fitness to practice a business or occupation regulated by this chapter or for initiating or conducting proceedings against a licensee or applicant, if the report is made or action is taken in good faith, without fraud or malice. Any individual who testifies or who makes a recommendation to a board in the nature of peer review, in good faith, without fraud or malice, before the board in any proceeding involving subsection (a) or any other law relating to the fitness of a licensee or applicant to practice the business or occupation licensed by the board shall be immune from civil and criminal liability for so testifying.
- (j) Neither the issuance of a private reprimand nor the denial of a license by reciprocity nor the denial of a request for reinstatement of a revoked license nor the refusal to issue a previously denied license shall be considered to be a contested case within the meaning of the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter 22 of this title; notice and hearing within the meaning of the chapter shall not be required, but the applicant or licensee shall be allowed to appear before the board if he or she so requests. A board may

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resolve a pending action by the issuance of a letter of concern. The letter shall not be considered a disciplinary action or a contested case under the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act and shall not be disclosed to any individual except the licensee or applicant.

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- 538 (k) If any licensee or applicant after reasonable 539 notice fails to appear at any hearing of the board for that 540 licensee or applicant, the board may proceed to hear the 541 evidence against the licensee or applicant and take action as 542 if the licensee or applicant had been present. A notice of 543 hearing, initial or recommended decision, or final decision of 544 the board in a disciplinary proceeding shall be served 545 personally upon the licensee or applicant or served by 546 certified mail or statutory overnight delivery, return receipt 547 requested, to the last known address of record with the board. If the material is served by certified mail or statutory 548 549 overnight delivery and is returned marked unclaimed or refused 550 or is otherwise undeliverable and if the licensee or applicant 551 cannot, after diligent effort, be located, the executive 552 director, or his or her designee, shall be deemed to be the 553 agent for service for the licensee or applicant for purposes 554 of this section, and service upon the executive director, or 555 his or her designee, shall be deemed to be service upon the 556 licensee or applicant.
  - (1) The voluntary surrender of a license or the failure to renew a license by the end of an established penalty period shall have the same effect as a revocation of the license, subject to reinstatement at the discretion of a board. A board





- may restore and reissue a license to practice under the law relating to that board and, as a condition thereof, may impose any disciplinary sanction provided by this section or the law relating to that board.
- or applicants whether individuals, partners, or members of any other incorporated or unincorporated associations, corporations, limited liability companies, or other associations of any kind whatsoever.

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- (n) Regulation by a board of a business or occupation regulated by this chapter shall not exempt that business or occupation from regulation pursuant to any other applicable law.
- 574 (o) Subsections (a), (d), and (e) are supplemental to 575 and shall not operate to prohibit any board from acting 576 pursuant to those provisions of law which may now or hereafter 577 authorize other disciplinary grounds and actions for that 578 particular board. In cases where those other provisions of law 579 authorize other disciplinary grounds and actions but 580 subsection (a), (d), or (e) limits the grounds or actions, 581 those other provisions shall apply so long as the requirements 582 of subsection (q) are met.
  - (p) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or state law, when an applicant submits his or her application for licensure or renewal, together with proof of completion of any court-ordered treatment program, a board shall issue the applicant a probationary license under the terms and conditions deemed appropriate by the board.



- (2) Subdivision (1) does not supersede a board's

  consideration of an applicant's other prior criminal history

  or arrests or convictions that occur subsequent to completion

  of a court-ordered treatment program identified in subdivision

  (1).
- 594 (q) (1) Notwithstanding paragraphs (3) and (4) of 595 subsection (a) or any other provision of law, and unless a 596 felony or crime involving moral turpitude directly relates to 597 the occupation for which the license is sought or held, no board shall refuse to grant a license to an applicant therefor 598 599 or shall revoke the license of an individual licensed by that 600 board due solely or in part to an applicant or licensee having 601 any of the following:
- a. A conviction of any felony or any crime involving moral turpitude, whether it occurred in the courts of this state or any other state, territory, or country or in the courts of the United States.
- b. An arrest, charge, and sentence for the commissionof the offense.
- 608 c. A sentence for the offense pursuant to a diversion 609 program of this state or another state.
- d. A sentence for the offense as a result of a plea of nolo contendere.
- e. An adjudication of guilt or a sentence that was otherwise withheld or not entered.
- f. Being under court supervision for a conviction of any felony or any crime involving moral turpitude, whether it occurred in the courts of this state or any other state,



- territory, or country or in the courts of the United States, so long as the individual was not convicted of a sex offense, as defined in Section 15-20A-5, requiring registration on the state sexual offender registry.
- (2) In determining if a felony or crime involving moral turpitude directly relates to the occupation for which the license is sought or held, the board shall consider all of the following:
- a. The nature and seriousness of the felony or crime involving moral turpitude and the relationship of the felony or crime involving moral turpitude to the occupation for which the license is sought or held.
- b. The age of the individual at the time the felony or crime involving moral turpitude was committed.
- 631 c. The length of time elapsed since the felony or crime 632 involving moral turpitude was committed.
- d. All circumstances relative to the felony or crime
  involving moral turpitude including, but not limited to,
  mitigating circumstances or social conditions surrounding the
  commission of the felony or crime involving moral turpitude.
- e. Evidence of rehabilitation and present fitness to
  perform the duties of the occupation for which the license is
  sought or held.
- \$41-9B-13. (a) Each application for a license to practice a business or occupation shall include a question regarding whether the applicant for the license satisfies either of the following:
- (1) Has had revoked or suspended or otherwise



sanctioned any license issued to the applicant by any board or agency in this state or any other state.

- (2) Was denied issuance of or, pursuant to disciplinary proceedings, refused renewal of a license by any board or agency in this state or any other state.
- 650 (b) The question shall be answered under oath and the 651 answer shall include the name of the board or agency that 652 revoked, suspended, denied, refused renewal of, or otherwise 653 sanctioned the applicant or license.

\$41-9B-14. A board, the executive director, or the appropriate prosecuting attorney may bring an action to enjoin the unlicensed practice by any individual of a business or occupation required to be licensed by a board. The action to restrain and enjoin the unlicensed practice shall be brought in the Circuit Court of Montgomery County. It shall not be necessary to allege or prove that there is no adequate remedy at law to obtain an injunction under this section.

§41-9B-15. (a) Any other provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, after notice and hearing, a board may issue a cease and desist order prohibiting the practice of a business or occupation without a license.

(b) The violation of any cease and desist order issued under subsection (a) shall subject the individual violating the order to further proceedings before the board, and the board may impose a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for each transaction constituting a violation thereof. Each day that an individual practices in violation of this chapter shall constitute a separate violation.

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- 673 (c) Initial judicial review of the decision of the 674 board entered pursuant to this section shall be available 675 solely in the Circuit Court of Montgomery County.
- (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
  prohibit a board from seeking remedies otherwise available by
  statute without first seeking a cease and desist order in
  accordance with this section.

680 §41-9B-16. The executive director may provide to any 681 lawful licensing authority of this or any other state, upon inquiry by the authority, information regarding a past or 682 683 pending investigation of or disciplinary sanction against any applicant for licensure by that board or licensee of that 684 685 board notwithstanding Section 41-9B-12(h) or any other law to 686 the contrary regarding the confidentiality of that 687 information. Nothing in this section or chapter shall be construed to prohibit or limit the authority of the executive 688 689 director to disclose to any individual or entity information 690 concerning the existence of any investigation for unlicensed 691 practice being conducted against any individual who is neither 692 licensed nor an applicant for licensure by a board.

693 §41-9B-17. The executive director may provide for 694 inactive status licenses for the various boards.

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§41-9B-18. No licensee of a board shall be required to file or record his or her license with the clerk of the circuit court, and no clerk shall be required to report the filing or recordation of any license.

§41-9B-19. Any individual licensed by a board and who practices an occupation or who renders professional services,



whether the individual is practicing or rendering services as a proprietorship, partnership, professional corporation, professional association, other corporation, limited liability company, or any other business entity, shall remain subject to regulation by that board, and the practice or rendering of services in that business entity shall not change the law or existing standards applicable to the relationship between that individual rendering a professional service and the individual receiving the service including, but not limited to, the rules of privileged communication and the contract, tort, and other legal liabilities and professional relationships between the individuals.

§41-9B-20. Except as provided in Section 41-9B-12(o), Sections 41-9B-9 through 41-9B-19 shall apply to all boards and licenses thereunder, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, and each board may adopt rules to implement the authority provided by the applicability of those provisions to the boards.

\$41-9B-21. Any licensed individual who is convicted under the laws of this state, the United States, or any other state, territory, or country of a felony as defined in Section 41-9B-12(a)(3) shall be required to notify the appropriate licensing authority of the conviction within 10 days of the conviction. Failure of a licensed individual to notify the appropriate licensing authority of a conviction shall be considered grounds for revocation of his or her license, permit, registration, certification, or other authorization to conduct a licensed occupation.



29	§41-9B-22. A board may not suspend the license of an
30	individual licensed by that board because he or she has been
31	certified by any entity of the federal government for
32	nonpayment or default or breach of a repayment or service
33	obligation under any federal educational loan, loan repayment
34	or service conditional scholarship program.
35	§41-9B-23. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed
36	to invalidate, override, or amend the Military Family Jobs
37	Opportunity Act, Section 31-1-6, or any licensing compact
38	entered into by this state or any board.
39	Section 2. This act shall become effective on January
40	1, 2024, following its passage and approval by the Governor,
'Δ1	or its otherwise becoming law