

1 8TW42F-1

2 By Senator Weaver

3 RFD: Finance and Taxation Education

4 First Read: 06-Apr-23



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SYNOPSIS:

This bill would establish the Preceptor Tax

Incentive Program to provide an opportunity for

students enrolled in certain health professions

training programs to train in rural and underserved

counties in the state and to address primary care

shortages in the state.

This bill would provide an income tax credit incentive of \$500 for each 160-hour clinical preceptorship rotation per calendar year for an otherwise unpaid community-based faculty preceptor physician for the following types of students: Medical allopathic or osteopathic, dental, and optometric.

This bill would also provide an income tax credit incentive of \$425 for each 160-hour clinical preceptorship rotation per calendar year for an otherwise unpaid community-based certified registered nurse practitioner, certified nurse midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist, or physician assistant.

A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT



- 29 Relating to state income tax; to establish the
 30 Preceptor Tax Incentive Program to provide income tax credit
 31 incentives for certain medical students who train in rural and
 32 underserved counties in the state.
- 33 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- 34 Section 1. (a) The Preceptor Tax Incentive Program is 35 created.
- 36 (b) For the purposes of this section, the following 37 terms shall have the following meanings:
- 38 (1) CLINICAL PRECEPTORSHIP. A clinical educational or
 39 training rotation for a student in any of the following
 40 programs, that are physically located in this state and
 41 approved by and provided through a qualified health
 42 professions training program, for which the clinical
 43 preceptor, also physically located in this state, is otherwise
 44 not compensated for the preceptorship:
- 45 a. A medical allopathic or osteopathic program.
- 46 b. A dental program.
- c. An optometric program.
- d. A physician assistant program.
- e. A nurse practitioner program.
- f. A nurse midwife program.
- g. A nurse anesthetist program.
- 52 (2) COMMUNITY-BASED FACULTY PRECEPTOR. A physician,
 53 advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant who is
 54 licensed in this state and receives no financial compensation
 55 from any source for the teaching of students in a medical
 56 program, dental program, optometric program, physician

- assistant program, or nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or nurse anesthetist program.
- (3) COMMUNITY-BASED NURSE PRACTITIONER PRECEPTOR. A certified registered nurse practitioner licensed under Chapter 21 of Title 34, Code of Alabama 1975, who provides medical services in a health care facility that is physically located in this state and not owned or operated by a qualified nursing, medical, or osteopathic school and who, through an agreement with a qualified nursing school physically located in this state, provides one or more clinical preceptorships for training to students in a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or nurse anesthetist program for which he or she receives no monetary compensation.

- (4) COMMUNITY-BASED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT PRECEPTOR. An assistant to physician licensed under Chapter 24 of Title 34, Code of Alabama 1975, who provides medical services in a health care facility that is physically located in this state and not owned or operated by a qualified medical, nursing, or osteopathic school and who, through an agreement with a qualified health professions program physically located in this state, provides one or more clinical preceptorships for students in a physician assistant program for which he or she receives no monetary compensation.
- (5) COMMUNITY-BASED PHYSICIAN, DENTIST, OR OPTOMETRY PRECEPTOR. A physician licensed under Chapter 24 of Title 34, Code of Alabama 1975; a dentist licensed under Chapter 9 of Title 34, Code of Alabama 1975; or an optometrist licensed under Chapter 22 of Title 34, Code of Alabama 1975, who



- 85 provides medical services in a health care facility that is 86 physically located in this state and not owned or operated by 87 a qualified medical, dental, optometric, nursing, or 88 osteopathic school and who, through an agreement with a 89 qualified medical school physically located in this state, provides one or more clinical preceptorships for students in a 90 91 medical program, dental program, optometric program, physician 92 assistant program, or nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or 93 nurse anesthetist program for which he or she receives no
- 95 (6) HEALTH PROFESSIONAL SHORTAGE AREA. Areas of the 96 state that are designated by the Health Resources and Services Administration as having shortages of primary medical care, 97 98 dental care, or mental health care providers. A shortage area 99 may be geographic-based, population-based, or facility-based. 100 Health professional shortage area scores are based on 101 discipline-specific methodology, however, three scoring 102 criteria are common across all health professional shortage 103 area disciplines:
 - a. Population to provider ratio.

monetary compensation.

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- b. Percentage of the population below 100 percent ofthe federal poverty level.
- 107 c. Travel time to the nearest source of care outside 108 the designated shortage area.
- 109 (7) MEDICALLY UNDERSERVED AREA and MEDICALLY
 110 UNDERSERVED POPULATION.
- a. An area or population in this state identified by
 the Health Resources and Services Administration Agency of the



- 113 United States Department of Health and Human Services as a
- 114 geographic area and population with a lack of access to
- 115 primary care services based on the following established
- 116 indicators:
- 1. Provider per 1,000 population ratio.
- 118 2. Percentage of population at 100 percent of the
- 119 federal poverty level.
- 3. Percentage of population age 65 and older.
- 121 4. Infant mortality rate.
- b. A calculated index of medical underservice score of
- 123 62.0 or below qualifies for designation as a medically
- 124 underserved area or medically underserved population.
- 125 (8) PROGRAM. The Preceptor Tax Incentive Program.
- 126 (9) QUALIFIED HEALTH PROFESSIONS TRAINING PROGRAM. An
- institution of higher education that is physically located in
- 128 this state and has an accredited educational program for
- 129 medicine, dentistry, optometry, physician assistants, or nurse
- 130 practitioners, nurse midwives, and nurse anesthetists.
- 131 (10) RURAL AREA. As defined by the United States Census
- 132 Bureau, in the context of health care, health data, and the
- 133 location of health care services, all population, housing, and
- 134 territory not included within a state-urbanized area with a
- population of 50,000 or more.
- (c)(1) Beginning with the 2023 tax year, a
- 137 community-based physician, dentist, or optometry preceptor,
- 138 community-based physician assistant preceptor, or
- 139 community-based nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or nurse
- anesthetist preceptor physically located in this state shall



- 141 be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section
- 142 40-18-2, Code of Alabama 1975, if he or she conducts an unpaid
- 143 clinical preceptorship, in the following amounts:
- a. A community-based physician, dentist, or optometrist
- 145 preceptor shall be allowed a credit of five hundred dollars
- 146 (\$500) per rotation, up to an annual maximum of six thousand
- 147 dollars (\$6,000).
- 148 b. A community-based physician assistant preceptor
- shall be allowed a credit of four hundred twenty-five dollars
- 150 (\$425) per rotation, up to an annual maximum of five thousand
- one hundred dollars (\$5,100).
- 152 c. A community-based nurse practitioner, certified
- 153 nurse midwife, or certified registered nurse anesthetist
- 154 preceptor shall be allowed a credit of four hundred
- twenty-five dollars (\$425) per rotation, up to an annual
- 156 maximum of five thousand one hundred dollars (\$5,100).
- 157 (2) An individual shall not accrue more than 12
- 158 clinical preceptorships of any of the above categories in one
- 159 calendar year.
- 160 (3) A community-based faculty preceptor shall not be
- 161 eligible to earn hours credited toward a clinical
- 162 preceptorship tax credit if he or she has not registered with
- 163 the Alabama Statewide Area Health Education Center Program
- 164 Office in Birmingham, Alabama.
- 165 (4) The Alabama Statewide Area Health Education Center
- 166 Program Office shall administer the program and certify
- 167 clinical preceptorship rotations on behalf of all eligible
- 168 public and private training programs for medicine, optometry,



and dental physician assistant, or nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, and nurse anesthetist programs physically located in this state.

- (5) To receive the credit provided by this section, a community-based faculty preceptor shall claim the credit on his or her state income tax return for the tax year in which he or she completed the clinical preceptorship rotation; shall certify that he or she, and the health care center or facility through which he or she is employed, did not receive monetary payment during the tax year from any source for the training of medical, optometry, and dental physician assistant, or nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, and nurse anesthetist students; and shall submit supporting documentation to the Department of Revenue.
- (6) In no event shall the total amount of the tax credit provided by this section for a taxable year exceed the income tax liability of the taxpayer. No tax credit shall be allowed the taxpayer against his or her tax liability for prior or succeeding years.
- 188 (d) Adjudication of possible filing errors or
 189 violations of the law shall be determined by the Department of
 190 Revenue.
- Section 2. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.