SJR57 INTRODUCED



- 1 YAB56N-1
- 2 By Senator Carnley
- 3 RFD: RULES
- 4 First Read: 02-May-23

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6 2023 Regular Session



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4	SJR RESCINDING ALL PREVIOUS RESOLUTIONS OF THE ALABAMA
5	LEGISLATURE WHICH REQUEST CONGRESS TO CALL A CONVENTION
6	PURSUANT TO ARTICLE V OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION.
7	
8	WHEREAS, the Federal Constitution Convention of 1787
9	was called for the sole and express purpose of revising the
10	Articles of Confederation, yet this convention decided
11	instead to discard the Articles of Confederation and draft a
12	new constitution which created a new system of government;
13	and
14	WHEREAS, the Articles of Confederation provided that
15	an amendment to the Articles had to be approved by the
16	Continental Congress and all of the then 13 states before
17	the amendment would be effective; the new constitution
18	drafted at the Federal Constitutional Convention of 1787
19	provided that an amendment would be ratified when only nine
20	of the states approved the amendment; and
21	WHEREAS, the United States Constitution has served as
22	the cornerstone of American liberty since its creation in
23	1787; it was the first written national constitution to set
24	forth a system of separation of powers into three branches
25	and to enumerate the powers delegated to each of the
26	branches; and
27	WHEREAS, the powers delegated by the Constitution of

27 WHEREAS, the powers delegated by the Constitution of 28 1787 to the federal government are few and defined, and our

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29	problems arise from not knowing and not enforcing those
30	existing limitations on the federal government; and
31	WHEREAS, James Madison wrote in The Federalist No. 43
32	that the purpose of amendments to the United States
33	Constitution are to repair discovered constitutional faults
34	or for amendments of constitutional errors, and that no
35	framer said the purpose of amendments are to rein in the
36	federal government when it usurps powers not delegated; and
37	WHEREAS, James Madison showed in The Federalist No.
38	49 that a convention is neither proper nor effective to
39	restrain government when it encroaches; and
40	WHEREAS, Article V of the United States Constitution
41	provides for two methods of amendment, Congress proposes
42	amendments and sends them to the states for ratification, or
43	upon the applications of the legislatures of two-thirds of
4 4	the states, Congress calls a convention for proposing
45	amendments; and
46	WHEREAS, James Madison trembled at the prospect of
47	another convention; Alexander Hamilton dreaded one; and four
48	former Justices of the United States Supreme Court warned
49	that another convention would run "extravagant risques" and
50	that delegates to a convention cannot be controlled; and
51	WHEREAS, if delegates to a convention called by
52	Congress pursuant to Article V decide to discard our
53	Constitution of 1787 and create a new constitution with a
54	new system of government, the new constitution will have its
55	own new mode of ratification; and
56	WHEREAS, each of the existing 27 Amendments to the

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5 /	United States Constitution were proposed by Congress and
58	submitted to the states for ratification; we have never had
59	a convention called under Article V of our Constitution; and
60	WHEREAS, Article V of the United States Constitution
61	delegates to Congress the power to call a federal
62	constitutional convention; Article I, Section 8, last
63	clause, delegates to Congress the power to make all laws
64	necessary and proper for carrying out all powers vested by
65	the Constitution in Congress; and
66	WHEREAS, the Congressional Research Service Report,
67	dated April 11, 2014, shows that in Congress' preliminary
68	preparations for Article V conventions in the past, Congress
69	has traditionally laid claim to broad responsibilities in
70	connection with a convention, including determining the
71	number and selection process for its delegates, setting
72	internal convention procedures, including formulae for
73	allocation of votes among the states; and
74	WHEREAS, the states have no constitutional authority
75	to determine the rules of order or operational aspects of a
76	constitutional convention called by Congress pursuant to
77	Article V of the Constitution; and
78	WHEREAS, nothing in Article V of the Constitution
79	provides for, nor can any state application guarantee, equal
80	suffrage or equal franchise to each state at a
81	constitutional convention; and
82	WHEREAS, the states have no authority to impose any
83	penalty, sanction, or limitation on convention delegates,
8 4	for the delegates represent the people and the sovereign

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85	right of the people to alter or abolish their government and
86	to institute a new government; and
87	WHEREAS, the Alabama Legislature has at various times
88	since at least as early as 1833 passed resolutions
89	requesting Congress to call a convention, pursuant to
90	Article V of the Constitution, to propose amendments to the
91	Constitution relating to a variety of subjects; and
92	WHEREAS, nothing in Article V of the Constitution
93	permits Congress or the states to limit the convention to
94	any specific topic or topics; and
95	WHEREAS, over the course of time, the will of the
96	people of the State of Alabama may have changed relating to
97	these previous resolutions; and
98	WHEREAS, a constitutional convention called by
99	Congress could result in the imposition of a new
100	constitution with its own new mode of ratification, which
101	could fundamentally transform our country by establishing a
102	new system of government which denies the existence of
103	unalienable, God-given rights and establishes a tyranny,
104	thereby denying liberty to future generations of Alabama
105	residents; and
106	WHEREAS, the Alabama Legislature is aware that other
107	state legislatures have made applications requesting that
108	Congress call a constitutional convention; and
109	WHEREAS, the Alabama Legislature no longer supports
110	its previous resolutions which request that Congress call a
111	constitutional convention, many of which were adopted many
112	decades ago, and does not wish for these resolutions to be



113	included with applications made by other state legislatures;
114	now therefore,
115	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA, BOTH
116	HOUSES THEREOF CONCURRING, That the members of the Alabama
117	Legislature hereby rescind, repeal, cancel, void, nullify,
118	and withdraw each and every previous resolution passed by
119	the Alabama Legislature which requests or urges the Congress
120	of the United States to call a constitutional convention
121	pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution.
122	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the members of the
123	Alabama Legislature urge each state legislature which has
124	requested Congress to call a constitutional convention to
125	withdraw those requests.
126	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Secretary of State
127	shall transmit certified copies of this resolution to the
128	President and Secretary of the United States Senate, to the
129	Speaker and Secretary of the United States House of
130	Representatives, the members of the Alabama Congressional
131	Delegation, and to the presiding officers of each house of
132	the several state legislatures attesting the adoption of
133	this resolution by the Alabama Legislature.