U7LCGX-1 04/26/2023 JC (L) tgw 2023-1697 SUB HB122 WOOD SUBSTITUTE TO HB122 OFFERED BY REPRESENTATIVE WOOD



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SYNOPSIS:

This bill would prohibit discrimination against 6 an individual from receiving an organ transplant based 7 on the individual having a disability.

> This bill would require health care practitioners, hospitals and other health care facilities, and organ transplant centers to provide reasonable accommodations to an individual with a disability in medical need of an anatomical gift or organ transplant.

A disabled person who is seeking an organ transplant is also given the right to seek an injunction to enforce the anti-discriminatory purpose of this bill.

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A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

Relating to health care; to prohibit discrimination against an individual with a disability in receiving an anatomical gift or organ transplant based on his or her disability; to require health care providers and organ transplant centers to provide reasonable accommodations to



- 29 individuals with a disability in medical need of an anatomical
- 30 gift or organ transplant; and to provide disabled individuals
- 31 the right to equitable relief.
- 32 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- 33 Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as
- 34 Exton's Law.
- 35 Section 2. The Legislature finds all of the following:
- 36 (1) A mental or physical disability does not diminish
- 37 an individual's right to health care.
- 38 (2) The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
- 39 prohibits discrimination against individuals with
- 40 disabilities, yet many individuals with disabilities still
- 41 experience discrimination in accessing critical health care
- 42 services.
- 43 (3) Historically, individuals with mental and physical
- 44 disabilities have been denied life-saving organ transplants
- 45 based on assumptions their lives are less worthy, they are
- incapable of complying with post-transplant medical regimens,
- or they lack adequate support systems to ensure compliance.
- 48 (4) Although organ transplant centers must consider
- 49 medical and psychosocial criteria when determining if a
- 50 patient is suitable to receive an organ transplant, transplant
- 51 centers that participate in Medicare, Medicaid, and other
- 52 federal funding programs are required to use patient selection
- criteria that result in a fair and nondiscriminatory
- 54 distribution of organs.
- 55 (5) Alabama residents in need of organ transplants are
- 56 entitled to assurances that they will not encounter



- 57 discrimination on the basis of a disability.
- Section 3. As used in this act, the following terms
- 59 have the following meanings:
- 60 (1) ANATOMICAL GIFT. The donation of all or part of a
- 61 human body to take effect after the donor's death for the
- 62 purpose of transplantation or transfusion.
- 63 (2) AUXILIARY AIDS AND SERVICES. Reasonable
- 64 accommodations that include the following:
- a. Qualified interpreters or other effective methods of
- 66 making aurally delivered materials available to individuals
- 67 with hearing impairments.
- b. Qualified readers, taped texts, or other effective
- 69 methods of making visually delivered material available to
- 70 individuals with visual impairments.
- 71 c. Acquisition or modification of equipment or devices.
- 72 d. Any other aid or service that is used to provide
- 73 information in a format that is easily understandable and
- 74 accessible to individuals with cognitive, neurological,
- 75 developmental, or intellectual disabilities.
- 76 (3) COVERED ENTITY. Any of the following:
- a. A health care provider licensed under Title 34, Code
- 78 of Alabama 1975.
- 79 b. A health care facility licensed under Chapter 21 of
- 80 Title 22, Code of Alabama 1975.
- 81 c. An entity responsible for matching anatomical gift
- 82 donors to potential recipients.
- 83 (4) DISABILITY. The definition as provided in 42 U.S.C.
- 84 \$ 12102.



- (5) ORGAN TRANSPLANT. The transplantation or transfusion of a part of a human body into the body of another for the purpose of treating or curing a medical condition.
 - (6) QUALIFIED INDIVIDUAL. An individual with a disability who meets the essential eligibility requirements for the receipt of an anatomical gift, with or without any of the following:
- a. A support network available to the individual.

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- b. The provision of auxiliary aids and services.
- c. Access to a covered entity that has made reasonable modifications to its policies or practices, including modifications to allow both of the following:
- 97 1. Communication with individuals responsible for 98 supporting the individual with post-surgical and 99 post-transplantation care, including medication.
 - 2. The consideration of a support network available to the individual, including family, friends, and home-based and community-based services funded through Medicaid, Medicare, or another health plan in which the individual is enrolled, or any program or source of funding available to the individual in determining whether the individual is able to comply with post-transplantation medical requirements.
- 107 (7) SUPPORTED DECISION-MAKING. The reasonable

 108 accommodation of a support person or persons to assist an

 109 individual in making medical decisions, communicate

 110 information to the individual, or ascertain an individual's

 111 wishes, including the following:
- a. The individual's parent, court-appointed guardian,



- 113 legal custodian, attorney-in-fact, or designated health care
- 114 proxy.
- b. A person designated in writing by the individual.
- 116 Section 4. (a) A covered entity may not do any of the
- following based solely on a qualified individual's disability:
- 118 (1) Consider an individual ineligible to receive an
- 119 anatomical gift or organ transplant.
- 120 (2) Deny medical and other services related to
- 121 transplantation, including evaluation, surgery, counseling,
- 122 and post-transplantation treatment and services.
- 123 (3) Refuse to refer the individual to a transplant
- 124 center or other related specialist for the purpose of
- 125 evaluation or receipt of an anatomical gift or organ
- 126 transplant.
- 127 (4) Refuse to place an individual on an organ
- 128 transplant waiting list.
- 129 (5) Place the individual at a lower priority position
- on the list than the position at which he or she would have
- 131 been placed if not for his or her disability.
- 132 (6) Decline insurance coverage for any procedure
- associated with the receipt of the anatomical gift or organ
- transplant, including post-transplantation care.
- (b) (1) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a covered entity
- 136 may take a qualified individual's disability into account when
- making treatment or coverage recommendations or decisions,
- 138 solely to the extent that the disability has been found by a
- 139 physician, following an individualized evaluation of the
- 140 individual, to be medically significant to the provision of



141 the anatomical gift or organ transplant.

- 142 (2) If a qualified individual has the necessary support

 143 system to assist the individual in complying with

 144 post-transplantation medical requirements, a covered entity

 145 may not consider the individual's inability to independently

 146 comply with the post-transplantation medical requirements to

 147 be medically significant for the purposes of subdivision (1).
 - (c) A covered entity shall make reasonable modifications in policies, practices, or procedures when the modifications are necessary to allow a qualified individual access to services, including transplantation-related counseling, information, coverage, or treatment, unless the covered entity can demonstrate that making the modifications would fundamentally alter the nature of the services being offered or result in an undue burden.
 - (d) A covered entity shall implement auxiliary aids and services and supported decision-making services as necessary to ensure that a qualified individual is not denied services, including transplantation-related counseling, information, coverage, or treatment, unless the covered entity can demonstrate that implementation of the accommodations would fundamentally alter the nature of the services being offered or would result in an undue burden.
 - (e) Nothing in this section shall require a covered entity to refer or recommend, or to perform, a medically inappropriate organ transplant based on medical review.
- Section 5. (a) When it appears that a covered entity

 has violated or is violating this act, the affected individual



- may commence a civil action for injunctive and other equitable relief against the covered entity for purposes of enforcing compliance with this act. The action shall be brought in the circuit court for the county in which the individual resides or was denied the organ transplant or referral.
- 174 (b) The court shall give priority on its docket and
 175 expedited review to an action brought under subsection (a) and
 176 may grant injunctive or other equitable relief only.
- 177 (c) Nothing in this act is intended to limit or replace 178 available remedies under the Americans with Disabilities Act 179 of 1990, as amended, or any other applicable law.
- 180 (d) Nothing in this act shall be construed as creating
 181 a right to compensatory or punitive damages against a covered
 182 entity.
- Section 6. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.