1C5VZ33-1 04/24/2024 PMG (L)tgw 2024-1606 Sub SB270 COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT SUBSTITUTE TO SB270 OFFERED BY REPRESENTATIVE BOYD



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5	A BILL
6	TO BE ENTITLED
7	AN ACT
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9	Relating to public records; to amend Sections 36-12-40
10	and 36-12-41, Code of Alabama 1975, and to add Sections
11	36-12-43, 36-12-44, 36-12-45, and 36-12-46 to the Code of
12	Alabama 1975, to establish procedures for requesting and
13	obtaining public records; and to make nonsubstantive,
14	technical revisions to update the existing code language to
15	current style.
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
17	Section 1. Sections 36-12-40 and 36-12-41 of the Code
18	of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
19	"\$36-12-40
20	<u>(a)</u> Every citizenresident has a right to inspect and
21	take a copy of any public writing record of this state, except
22	as otherwise expressly provided by statute applicable law.
23	Provided however, registration and circulation records and
24	information concerning the use of the public, public school $_{\underline{\textit{\prime}}}$
25	or college and university libraries of this state shall be
26	exempted from this section. Provided further, any parent of a
27	minor child shall have the right to inspect the registration
28	and circulation records of any school or public library that



29 pertain to his or her child. Notwithstanding the foregoing, 30 records concerning security plans, procedures, assessments, 31 measures, or systems, and any other records relating to, or 32 having an impact upon, the security or safety of persons, 33 structures, facilities, or other infrastructures, including 34 without limitation information concerning critical 35 infrastructure, (as defined at 42 U.S.C. § 5195c(e), -as 36 amended) and critical energy infrastructure information, (as 37 defined at 18 C.F.R. § 388.113(c)(1), as amended) the public disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to be 38 39 detrimental to the public safety or welfare, and records the disclosure of which would otherwise be detrimental to the best 40 interests of the public shall be exempted from this section. 41 42 Any public officer who receives a request for records that may 43 appear to relate to critical infrastructure or critical energy infrastructure information, shall notify the owner of such 44 infrastructure in writing of the request and provide the owner 45 46 an opportunity to comment on the request and on the threats to 47 public safety or welfare that could reasonably be expected 48 from public disclosure-on of the records.

49 (b) For purposes of this article, the judicial branch 50 of state government and any office identified in Article VI of 51 the Constitution of Alabama of 2022, are exempted from the 52 requirements of Sections 36-12-43 through 36-12-45."

53 "\$36-12-41

54 Every public officer having the custody of a public 55 writing which a citizen record that a resident has a right to 56 inspect is bound to give himshall provide him or her, on



57 demand proper request as provided in this article, with a
58 certified copy of <u>it</u> the public record, on payment of <u>the</u>
59 legal fees therefor a reasonable fee, as further provided in
60 <u>this article</u>, and such copy is admissible as evidence in like
61 cases and with like effect as the original writing."

62 Section 2. Sections 36-12-43, 36-12-44, 36-12-45, and 63 36-12-46 are added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as 64 follows:

65 \$36-12-43

(a) It is the policy of the state to promptly provide 66 67 residents with the opportunity to inspect public records and to request a copy, subject to payment of reasonable fees and 68 69 to appropriate protections for private, confidential, 70 privileged, and other nonpublic information, and to the 71 interest of the general public in having the business of government carried on efficiently and without undue 72 73 interference.

74 (b) For purposes of this article, the following terms75 shall have the following meanings:

76 (1) BUSINESS DAY. A day that the public officer's
 77 office is open to the public and conducting normal operations.

78 (2) PUBLIC OFFICER. A public officer or his or her
79 designee responsible for responding to public records
80 requests.

81 (3) RESIDENT. An individual who is permanently
82 domiciled in Alabama with an expectation to remain in Alabama
83 as demonstrated by reasonable proof of residency such as, but
84 not limited to, an Alabama driver license or voter



85 registration.

86 (4) STANDARD REQUEST. A public records request that 87 seeks one or more specifically and discretely identified 88 public records that the public officer determines would take 89 less than eight hours of staff time to process considering the 90 time needed to identify and retrieve any responsive records 91 and to redact or take other measures to withhold protected 92 information. A standard request should require no or minimal 93 clarification by the requester.

94 (5) SUBSTANTIVE RESPONSE. A response to a proper public
95 records request that sets forth the public officer's ultimate
96 position on the substance of the request. The term includes,
97 but is not limited to, the following, in whole or in part:

98 a. A statement that the public records are provided as99 attached or enclosed.

b. A statement that access to the requested public records will be provided at a set time, place, and location during regular business hours or at a time, place, and location mutually agreeable to the public officer and the requester.

105 c. A statement that the public officer is prepared to 106 provide the requested public records to the requester upon 107 payment of a reasonable fee.

108 d. A statement that denies the request with reasons109 stated therefor.

e. A statement that denies the request on the grounds that the requested public record does not exist within the government agency. If known to the public officer, the public



113 officer may identify the proper custodian or location for the 114 requested public record.

115 f. A statement that denies the request for failure to 116 substantially complete a standard request form.

117 g. A statement that denies the request for failure to 118 substantially comply with the written procedures established 119 by the public officer for such request.

h. A statement that denies the request because therecords sought are not public.

122 (6) TIME-INTENSIVE REQUEST. A public records request 123 that the public officer determines would take more than eight 124 hours of staff time to process considering the time needed to 125 identify and retrieve any responsive records and any time 126 needed to redact or take other measures to withhold protected 127 information.

(c) This article is not intended to, and does not, change or in any way affect any protections for private, confidential, privileged, or other nonpublic information provided under applicable law.

\$36-12-44

(a) A public officer shall respond to a standardrequest subject to each of the following provisions:

(1) The public officer may require the requester to submit his or her request using a standard request form or by following the written procedures for accepting requests for public records established by the public officer.

139 (2) The public officer may require the requester to pay140 a reasonable fee set by the public officer before the



141 requester may receive any public records. If the public 142 officer elects to charge a fee, the public officer shall 143 notify the requester of the estimated fee and withhold any 144 public records until receipt of payment. The requester may opt 145 not to pay the fee and thus not receive any substantive response. Additionally, the public officer shall have the 146 147 discretion to require the requester to pay all or a portion of 148 the estimated fee prior to searching for any responsive public 149 records.

150 (3) The public officer shall acknowledge a proper151 request within 10 days of receiving the request.

152 (4) The public officer shall provide a substantive 153 response fulfilling or denying a proper request within 15 154 business days of acknowledging receipt. Although the public 155 officer may extend this period in 15-business-day increments upon written notice to the requester, the public officer 156 157 should process a standard request as expeditiously as possible 158 considering the requester's time constraints, the public 159 officer's workload, and the nature of the request.

160 (5) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that a 161 proper standard request has been denied by the public officer 162 if:

a. A substantive response is not provided to the
standard request within the earlier of 30 business days or 60
calendar days following acknowledgment of receipt by the
public officer; or

b. The public records are not produced within theearlier of 30 business days or 60 calendar days following the



169 payment of the estimated fees to the public officer.

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170 (6) There shall be no presumption that a proper171 standard request has been denied if:

a. The request is not proper or the public officer is
not obligated or required to respond as provided in this
section;

b. The public officer has responded in part;

176 c. The public officer and requester have reached an 177 agreement regarding the time or substance, or both, of the 178 response;

179 d. Negotiations are ongoing between the public officer 180 and the requester; or

181 e. The public officer has reasonably communicated the182 status of the request to the requester.

183 (b) A public officer shall respond to a proper, 184 time-intensive request subject to each of the following 185 provisions:

(1) The public officer shall require the requester to submit his or her request using a standard request form or by following the written procedures for accepting requests for public records established by the public officer.

(2) The public officer shall require the requester to pay a reasonable fee set by the public officer before providing a substantive response to the requester. The public officer shall notify the requester in advance of any likely fees and shall withhold any substantive response until receipt of payment. Additionally, the public officer shall have the discretion to require the requester to pay all or a portion of



197 the estimated fee prior to searching for any responsive public 198 records.

199 (3) The public officer shall acknowledge the request200 within 10 business days of receiving the request.

201 (4) The public officer shall notify the requester 202 within 15 business days after acknowledging receipt that the 203 request gualifies as a time-intensive request. At that time, 204 the public officer shall notify the requester of any likely 205 fees and allow the requester to withdraw the time-intensive 206 request and submit a new request that is not a time-intensive 207 request. If the requester elects to proceed with a time-intensive request, the public officer shall provide a 208 209 substantive response fulfilling or denying the request within 210 45 business days after the requester elected to proceed with 211 his or her time-intensive request. The public officer may 212 extend this period in 45-business-day increments by notifying 213 the requester in writing.

214 (5) At or around the time of designating the request as 215 time-intensive, the public officer shall make a record in a 216 log maintained for keeping track of currently pending 217 time-intensive requests. For each such currently pending 218 request, the log shall identify the name of the requester and 219 the date of acknowledgment pursuant to subdivision (3). The 220 log shall be a confidential document that is not subject to 221 disclosure pursuant to this article, provided the log may 222 remain discoverable pursuant to proper discovery methods provided under applicable rules of procedure. 223

(6) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that a



225 proper time-intensive request has been denied by the public 226 officer if:

a. A substantive response is not provided within the earlier of 180 business days or 270 calendar days following the requester's election to proceed with a time-intensive request.

b. The records are not produced within the earlier of b. The records are not produced within the earlier of business days or 270 calendar days following the payment of the estimated fees to the public officer.

(7) There shall be no presumption that a proper time-intensive request has been denied if:

a. The request is not proper or the public officer is
not obligated or required to respond as provided in this
section;

b. The public officer has responded in part;

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240 c. The public officer and requester have reached an 241 agreement regarding the time or substance, or both, of the 242 response;

243 d. Negotiations are ongoing between the public officer244 and the requester; or

e. The public officer has reasonably communicated thestatus of the request to the requester.

(c) A request made pursuant to this article shall identify the requested public record with reasonable specificity. A public officer shall not be obligated to respond to a public records request that is vague, ambiguous, overly broad, or unreasonable in scope.

252 (d) A public officer shall not be required to create a



253 new public record if the requested record does not already 254 exist.

(e) A public officer shall not be required to respond to requests that seek information or other materials that are not public records.

(f) A public officer may request reasonable evidence to establish proof of residency. A public officer shall have the discretion to respond to public records requests made by nonresidents, in which case, a public officer's decision to respond to such requests shall not operate as a waiver of the public officer's right to deny other or future requests made by nonresidents.

265 (q) If a public officer responds to a request by seeking clarification or additional information, the timelines 266 267 established in this section shall be tolled and shall restart once the public officer receives the requested clarification 268 269 or additional information as if the requester had submitted a 270 new request. A public officer's decision to seek clarification 271 or additional information with respect to any particular 272 request shall not operate as a waiver of the public officer's 273 right to seek clarification or additional information in 274 response to other, future requests.

(h) Nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit a public officer from processing a public records request in a manner that is less expensive or more prompt from the perspective of the requester.

\$36-12-45

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Page 10

(a) (1) A resident may request access to a public record



281 by following the written procedures for accepting such

requests established by the public officer having custody of the public record. The written procedures may establish any of the following:

a. A standard request form for use in submitting apublic records request.

287 b. A designee, such as a public records coordinator, to288 whom a public records request shall be addressed.

289 c. The permissible method or methods of transmitting a290 public records request.

291 d. Any other policies pertaining to the process for292 submitting a public records request.

(2) The public officer shall make his or her written procedures concerning public records reasonably available to the public.

(3) A public officer shall not be obligated to respond
to a public records request that is not made pursuant to the
public officer's written procedures.

(4) Written procedures need not be adopted as
administrative rules pursuant to the Alabama Administrative
Procedure Act.

302 (b) In the absence of written procedures to the 303 contrary, each of the following shall apply:

(1) A resident may submit a public records request by delivering the request by hand or by mailing the request to the main office or principal place of business of the public officer having custody of the public record.

308 (2) Receipt of a hand-delivered public records request



309	occurs when the request is received at the public officer's
310	main office or principal place of business. Receipt of a
311	mailed public records request occurs on the date of actual
312	receipt by the public officer. A certified mail receipt or
313	similar signed postage receipt shall be prima facie evidence
314	of receipt by the public officer.
315	(3) The standard request form shall read substantially as
316	follows, provided a public officer may require additional
317	information or modify the order or format in which the
318	information is requested:
319	"Requester's contact information:
320	Name:
321	Phone number:
322	Email address:
323	Street address:
324	City:
325	State:
326	Zip:
327	Agency you are requesting public records from:
328	
329	Date of request:
330	Records requested: (Be as specific as possible. A
331	public officer is not obligated to respond to a request
332	that is vague, ambiguous, overly broad, or unreasonable
333	in scope, nor is a public officer obligated to respond
334	to a request that seeks records that do not exist or
335	materials that are not public records. Additionally,
336	extensive requests for public records may increase the



337	fees to cover the administrative cost of searching and
338	copying the requested records.)
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343	Payment of fees may be required before your request is
344	fulfilled.
345	By submitting this request, you certify that you are an
346	Alabama resident with standing to make a request for
347	public records pursuant to Alabama law."
348	\$36-12-46
349	Nothing in this article shall be construed to permit
350	any party to a pending or threatened action, suit, or
351	proceeding to obtain information regarding a matter relevant
352	to the pending or threatened action, suit, or proceeding in
353	lieu of the proper discovery methods provided under applicable
354	rules of procedure.
355	Section 3. This act shall become effective on October
356	1, 2024.