3JKHVEV-1 04/16/2024 JRF (F)JRF 2024-433 SUB SB60 FINANCE AND TAXATION GENERAL FUND SUBSTITUTE TO SB60 OFFERED BY SENATOR ORR

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4	SYNOPSIS:
5	Currently, the Port of Mobile is managed by the
6	Alabama State Port Authority; however, there is no
7	state agency responsible for facilitating and
8	coordinating the development of Alabama's inland ports
9	and waterways.
10	This bill provides for the allocation of funds to
11	the Alabama Department of Economic and Community
12	Affairs to facilitate growth in the state's system of
13	inland ports and transfer facilities and for the
14	coordination of a transportation system for inland
15	waterways.
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18	A BILL
19	TO BE ENTITLED
20	AN ACT
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22	Relating to inland ports; to authorize the Alabama
23	Department of Economic and Community Affairs to facilitate and
24	coordinate the development, improvement, maintenance, and
25	construction of inland ports and transfer facilities within
26	the state.
27	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
28	Section 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of



29 the following:

30 (a) That inland ports are physical sites located away 31 from traditional coastal borders with the vision to facilitate 32 and process domestic and international trade through strategic 33 investment in multi-modal transportation assets and by 34 promoting value-added services as goods move through the 35 supply chains.

36 (b) That the development of inland ports and other 37 transfer facilities has been a growing trend for the past 30 38 years, and the southeastern United States is an area of 39 increased interest in entities wanting to create networks of 40 strategically placed facilities throughout each state.

41 (c) That the support of inland ports or transfer42 facilities are an added benefit to the State of Alabama.

(d) That an inland port or intermodal transfer facility would have the added benefit of reducing truck traffic along the federal and state highways of Alabama, especially through metropolitan areas, and would reduce greenhouse emissions from heavy freight carriers.

(e) That a rail-based inland port has three basic
requirements enabling it to fulfill a relevant commercial
role: the ability to serve as an intermodal terminal, host
logistics activities, and be a corridor to a gateway.

(f) That the passing of Act 2019-2, 2019 First Special
Session, now apprearing as Section 40-17-371(b), Code of
Alabama 1975, provided eleven million seven hundred sixty
thousand dollars (\$11,760,000) as a pledge for bonds issued to
finance improvements to the Mobile Ship Channel providing



57 access to the facilities of the Alabama State Port Authority, 58 combined with the recent completion of the Panama Canal 59 expansion, should lead to greater imports and exports for the 60 State of Alabama and infrastructure enhancements are needed to 61 handle the increased volume of freight traffic.

(g) It is the intention of the Legislature to authorize the transfer of funds to the Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs from the State General Fund to facilitate and improve the system of inland ports and intermodal transfer facilities in the state.

67 Section 2. When used in this act, the following words 68 and phrases have the following respective meanings unless the 69 context clearly indicates otherwise:

70 (1) INLAND PORTS. Inland ports, including ports owned 71 or operated by the Alabama State Port Authority, are physical sites located away from traditional land, air, and coastal 72 73 borders with the vision to facilitate and process 74 international and domestic trade through strategic investment 75 in multi-modal transportation assets and by promoting value-added services as goods move through the supply chain. 76 77 This definition specifically excludes the Port of Mobile.

(2) INTERMODAL FACILITY. A transportation element that
accommodates and interconnects different modes of
transportation and serves intrastate, interstate, and
international movement of people and goods and facilitates the
movement of goods on two or more modes involving either direct
transfer or intermediate storage.

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(3) PORT FACILITY. Any authority, municipality, county,



85 or publicly-owned inland port through which cargo is 86 transported by way of waterborne ship, barge, or railroad, to 87 or from destinations inside or outside this state and which 88 handles cargo owned by third parties.

89 Section 3. (a) The Inland Ports and Intermodal 90 Development Fund is created within the Alabama Department of 91 Economic and Community Affairs to receive appropriations from 92 the State General Fund for the purpose of financing 93 improvements to existing publicly-owned inland ports and 94 intermodal facility infrastructure. Funding for the grant 95 program shall be awarded on a competitive bid basis for inland port and intermodal facility projects that will have a 96 97 significant local or regional impact. Priority of funding 98 shall be given to inland ports and intermodal facilities that 99 have proven performance in reducing congestion on public highways, proven performance to increase tonnage at port 100 101 facilities, and that will enhance regional competitiveness for 102 port operators and users. The minimum participation for local 103 funds is 20 percent of the project amount.

(b) To receive funds under this article, an inland port or intermodal facility shall file an application with the department describing how the funds will be used and any other information the department may require. No application shall be approved or funds distributed unless the expenditure of funds are:

(1) Directly related to capital improvements, dredging for project development in the immediate vicinity of an existing inland port, economic development of an inland port



113 facility, or the rebuilding or rehabilitation of basic 114 waterway and port infrastructure; or

(2) For a project or use directly related to intermodal infrastructure development; or

(3) For a purpose outside the normal operating budget of an inland port or intermodal infrastructure facility or a river-related community; or

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(4) For purpose of assessment or planning.

(c) Funding shall not be approved for routine 121 122 maintenance, administrative and operational expenses, or for 123 the dredging of waterways within the state that are not in the immediate vicinity of an inland port facility. Additionally, 124 125 the use of funding to establish or construct new inland ports, 126 or to acquire land for new inland ports, shall not be eligible 127 for funding unless a feasibility study and competitive analysis have been conducted and submitted for review to the 128 129 department.

130 Section 4. (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of 131 law to the contrary, the Legislature shall annually 132 appropriate two million dollars (\$2,000,000) from the State 133 General Fund to the Alabama Department of Economic and 134 Community Affairs to establish a grant program to facilitate 135 and coordinate inland port and transfer facility development, 136 improvement, maintenance, onsite storage, moorings, and 137 construction. The appropriation shall be effective beginning 138 fiscal year 2026 and continue through the 2028 fiscal year, unless continued by an act of the Legislature. 139

140 (b) Upon appropriations, the monies shall be kept in



141 the Inland Ports and Intermodal Development Fund created in 142 Section 3 and shall be subject to audit by the Department of 143 Examiners of Public Accounts in the same manner as all other 144 department funds. Any unexpended monies remaining in the fund 145 at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund and 146 shall not revert to the State General Fund. The amount of the 147 appropriation for the upcoming fiscal year appropriation shall 148 be reduced by the amount carried forward such that the 149 department will have no more than five million dollars (\$5,000,000) in any single fiscal year to administer the grant 150 151 program. Any monies which remain unexpended at the end of the 152 third fiscal year shall revert to the State General Fund. Any 153 unencumbered funds remaining pursuant to this act after three 154 years shall revert to the State General Fund.

155 Section 5. (a) This article shall not apply nor have 156 any effect on any state agency currently having control over 157 local port or infrastructure commissions or authorities.

(b) This article shall not change any existing laws that apply to any existing port or infrastructure commission or authority, or to powers presently provided for conducting and developing the water transportation industry, and all such existing laws are hereby expressly preserved and shall not be preempted by this article.

(c) No provision of this article shall be construed to authorize any diversion from local port or infrastructure commissions or authorities of fees, funds, donations, grants, or monies to which the commission or authorities are otherwise entitled.



169 Section 6. The department shall adopt rules,

170 regulations, restrictions, and eligibility requirements as are

171 necessary to implement and administer the provisions of this 172 bill.

Section 7. This act shall become effective on October 174 1, 2024.