## HJR66 INTRODUCED



- 1 HJR66
- 2 LGFUYAY-1
- 3 By Representatives Jackson, Warren, Drummond, Ensler, Hollis,
- 4 Rafferty, Hendrix, Lawrence, Travis, Sellers, McCampbell,
- 5 Clarke, England, Hall, Morris
- 6 RFD: RULES
- 7 First Read: 27-Feb-24



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4	HJR URGING THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA TO
5	DECLARE A MORATORIUM ON CAPITAL PUNISHMENT EXECUTIONS.
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7	WHEREAS, the death penalty is a complicated and
8	complex issue for both moral reasons and because the
9	practice is greatly flawed; the appropriate resolution is a
10	moratorium; and
11	WHEREAS, the State of Alabama is proudly a pro-life
12	state and passionately defends the right to life; this
13	passion for preserving life should extend to each and every
14	citizen; a society that values life should not deliberately
15	kill human beings; there is no moral ambiguity concerning
16	the death penalty as a legal execution is still the murder
17	of a human life; and
18	WHEREAS, Alabama sentences more people to death per
19	capita than any other state; we have consistently lagged
20	behind other states in revising outdated laws and procedures
21	that govern sentencing; Alabama was the last state to
22	abolish judicial override and used it to sentence more
23	people to death than any other state; Alabama continues to
24	allow death sentences to be imposed even when jury verdicts
25	are not unanimous; currently, an alarming 80 percent of
26	people sentenced to Alabama's death row did not receive
27	unanimous jury verdicts; and

WHEREAS, since 1976, Alabama has executed 73 people

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## THE SERVICE

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29	and exonerated nine which illustrates that for every eight
30	people executed, one has been exonerated; in death penalty
31	cases, perjury, false accusations, and official misconduct
32	are the leading causes of wrongful convictions; further, a
33	person does not need to be innocent to be wrongly sentenced
3 4	to death; in Alabama, over 160 death sentences have been
35	invalidated by state and federal courts, resulting in
36	conviction of a lesser offense or lesser sentence on
37	retrial; and
38	WHEREAS, other problems regarding death penalty
39	convictions include potential failure to ensure that these
10	cases are administered fairly and impartially in accordance
11	with due process, the disproportionate number of minorities
12	who are sentenced to death, the failure of the state to
13	provide competent counsel to minorities and indigent people
14	in capital cases, and evidence that the punishment of death
15	is not an effective deterrent against criminal behavior; and
16	WHEREAS, 23 states have abolished the death penalty;
17	six additional states have a gubernatorial hold on
18	executions; and the federal government has declared a hold
19	on executions pending review of policies and procedures; now
50	therefore,
51	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA, BOTH
52	HOUSES THEREOF CONCURRING, That the possibility of taking
53	even one innocent life is too great a risk for the state to
54	take and a moratorium on executions would relieve that risk;
55	the Legislature is urged to take this matter into





56 consideration and declare a moratorium on capital punishment

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57 executions.