

- 1 SB157
- 2 QEXV551-1
- 3 By Senators Orr, Chesteen, Price, Williams, Waggoner, Hovey,
- 4 Sessions, Melson, Weaver, Givhan, Allen, Butler
- 5 RFD: Education Policy
- 6 First Read: 27-Feb-24



SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law, public education employees acting in their official capacity are immune from civil liability. Education employees are also immune from civil liability in their personal capacity when the conduct is relating to the exercise of judgment or discharge of duties imposed by a state agency or by state law.

Also under existing law, each local board of education prescribes policies relating to student discipline.

This bill would authorize a teacher to exclude a student from his or her classroom if the student engages in disorderly conduct; obstructs the teaching or learning process of other students; threatens, abuses, or intimidates an education employee or student; or willfully disobeys or uses profane language directed at an education employee.

This bill would require the school principal, or his or her designee, to determine when a student may be readmitted to the classroom and what disciplinary actions, if any, are appropriate.

This bill would provide procedures relating to an excluded student's return to the classroom.

This bill would provide additional procedures if



a student in grades six through 12 is excluded from the classroom in certain circumstances, and would authorize certain students excluded from the classroom three times in one month to receive suspension or be considered for placement in an alternative school.

This bill would provide additional procedures if a student in grades preK through five commits certain behavior that would result in exclusion from the classroom and would require a conference with the student's parent or guardian.

This bill would require each local board of education to establish an appeal process for when a teacher believes that a principal refuses to allow the exclusion of a student from the classroom or prematurely ends the exclusion of a student from the classroom.

This bill would provide immunity from civil and criminal actions against education employees for actions carried out in conformity with the rules of the State Board of Education or the policies of the local board of education where they are employed, with certain exceptions.

This bill would authorize each local board of education to provide legal services to or reimbursement for reasonable expenses for legal services for an education employee charged with civil or criminal activities arising out of and in the course of the performance of his or her duties.



This bill would require each local board of education to reimburse an education employee who successfully defends himself or herself from charges relating to the performance of his or her duties.

This bill would require an education employee who pleads guilty or nolo contendere or is found guilty of charges relating to the performance of his or her duties to reimburse any expenses incurred by the local board of education where he or she is employed.

This bill would require meetings of the local board of education where funds are expended for the legal defense of an employee to be open meetings.

This bill would create a rebuttable presumption that teachers take necessary action to restore or maintain the safety or educational atmosphere of the classroom.

This bill would also require the State Board of Education to adopt a model policy and local boards of education to adopt that model policy.

A BILL

78 TO BE ENTITLED

79 AN ACT

Relating to public education employees; to authorize a teacher to exclude students from the classroom in certain circumstances; to authorize the placement of an excluded student under the control of a principal; to provide





- 85 procedures relating to the return of an excluded student to 86 the classroom; to authorize a school principal to suspend or consider for alternative school a student who is excluded from 87 88 the classroom three times in one month in certain 89 circumstances; to require each local board of education to 90 adopt a process for a teacher to appeal a principal's decision 91 relating to a student's return to the classroom; to provide 92 immunity to education employees for civil and criminal actions 93 related to the performance of their duties; to authorize each local board of education to provide legal services or to 94 95 reimburse expenses for legal services for education employees charged with certain civil or criminal actions; to require 96 97 each local board of education to reimburse an education 98 employee who successfully defends himself in certain civil or 99 criminal actions; to require an education employee who pleads quilty or nolo contendere or is found quilty to reimburse any 100 legal expenses incurred by the local board of education; to 101 102 require meetings where funds are expended for the legal 103 defense of an employee to be open meetings; to create a 104 rebuttable presumption that teachers take necessary actions 105 relating to classroom maintenance; and to require the State 106 Board of Education to adopt a model policy that each local board of education must adopt. 107 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: Section 1. For the purposes of this act, the following
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- 109 110 terms have the following meanings:
- (1) DISORDERLY CONDUCT. Any conduct that intentionally: 111
- 112 (i) disrupts, disturbs, or interferes with the teaching of



- 113 students; or (ii) disturbs the peace, order, or discipline at
- any school.
- 115 (2) EDUCATION EMPLOYEE. Any of the following
- 116 individuals:
- a. A certified or noncertified employee of the State
- 118 Department of Education or any local board of education.
- b. An employee of the Alabama Institute for Deaf and
- 120 Blind.
- 121 c. An employee of the Alabama School of Fine Arts.
- d. An employee of the Department of Youth Services
- 123 School District.
- e. An employee of the Alabama School of Mathematics and
- 125 Science.
- 126 f. An employee of the Alabama School of Cyber
- 127 Technology and Engineering.
- g. An employee of a public charter school.
- 129 (3) PRINCIPAL. The principal, assistant principal, vice
- 130 principal, or administrative head of a school, or his or her
- designee.
- 132 (4) SCHOOL. A public preK-12 school.
- 133 (5) TEACHER. A professional educator who has a direct
- instructional or counseling relationship with students and who
- spends the majority of his or her time in this capacity.
- 136 Section 2. (a) Beginning with the 2025-2026 school
- 137 year, a teacher may exclude from his or her classroom any
- 138 student who does any of the following:
- 139 (1) Engages in disorderly conduct.
- 140 (2) Behaves in a manner that obstructs the teaching or



141 learning process of others in the classroom.

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- 142 (3) Threatens, abuses, intimidates, or attempts to 143 intimidate an education employee or another student.
 - (4) Willfully disobeys an education employee.
- 145 (5) Uses abusive or profane language directed at an education employee.
- (b) (1) Any student excluded from the classroom pursuant 147 148 to subsection (a) shall be placed under the control of the 149 school principal or his or her designee. The excluded student may be readmitted to the classroom only after the principal, 150 151 or his or her designee, provides written certification to the 152 classroom teacher that the student may be readmitted and 153 specifies the type of disciplinary action, if any, that was 154 taken.
- 155 (2) If the principal, or his or her designee, finds
 156 that disciplinary action is warranted, he or she shall provide
 157 written and, if possible, telephonic notice of the action to
 158 the student's parent or guardian.
- 159 (c) If a student is excluded from the classroom

 160 pursuant to subsection (a) two times in one semester and all

 161 other reasonable means of classroom discipline have been

 162 exhausted, the student may be readmitted to the classroom only

 163 if all of the following are satisfied:
- 164 (1) The principal, teacher, and, if possible, the
 165 student's parent or guardian have held a conference to discuss
 166 the student's disruptive behavior patterns.
- 167 (2) The teacher and the principal agree on a course of 168 discipline for the student going forward.

- 169 (3) The student's parent or guardian has been informed 170 of the course of discipline.
- (d) Following a student's readmittance to the

 classroom pursuant to subsection (c), if the student's

 disruptive behavior persists, upon the teacher's request, the

 principal, to the extent feasible, may transfer the student to

 an alternative school.
- 176 (e) (1) If the student removed from the classroom 177 pursuant to subsection (a) is in grades six through 12 and is removed for his or her disorderly conduct, interference with 178 179 an orderly educational process, or obstruction of the teaching 180 or learning process of others in the classroom, the student may not be readmitted to the classroom for at least the 181 182 remainder of the school day. The principal must communicate 183 with the teacher regarding the student before he or she may be readmitted to the classroom. 184
 - (2) A student who is excluded for the remainder of a school day pursuant to this subsection for a total of three times in one month shall receive, as determined by the principal, in-school or out-of-school suspension, or may be considered for placement in an alternative school, if one is available within the school district.

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(f) If a student in grades preK through five commits
disorderly conduct, interferes with an orderly educational
process, or obstructs the teaching or learning process of
others in the classroom in a way that would have warranted his
or her removal from the classroom, the student may not be
removed until his or her parent or guardian have attended a



conference with the student's teacher and principal, or his or her designee. The conference shall occur no later than the third school day following the student's offense. If the student's parent or guardian fails to attend the conference, the student may be removed from the classroom beginning on the fourth school day following the offense and may not return until the parent or guardian attends the conference.

- (g) Beginning with the 2024-2025 school year, each local board of education shall adopt a policy establishing an appeal process that allows a teacher to appeal to the local board of education in both of the following scenarios:
- 208 (1) If a principal refuses to allow a student to be excluded from the classroom pursuant to Section 1.

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- 210 (2) If a teacher believes the school principal has
 211 prematurely ended the exclusion of a student from the
 212 classroom pursuant to Section 1.
- Section 3. (a) An education employee may not be held civilly or criminally liable for actions carried out in conformity with rules of the State Board of Education or policies of the local board of education where he or she is employed, except in the following cases:
- 218 (1) The education employee engages in excessive force 219 or cruel and unusual punishment.
- (2) The education employee acts willfully, maliciously, fraudulently, in bad faith, beyond his or her authority, or under a mistaken interpretation of the law.
- 223 (3) The education employee violates the United States 224 Constitution, the Constitution of Alabama of 2022, or the laws



- 225 of this state.
- (b) (1) Each local board of education may reimburse
- 227 reasonable expenses for legal services for an education
- 228 employee if he or she is charged with civil or criminal
- 229 actions arising out of and in the course of the performance of
- 230 his or her assigned duties and responsibilities.
- 231 (2) If an education employee charged with civil or
- criminal actions arising out of and in the course of the
- 233 performance of his or her assigned duties and responsibilities
- 234 successfully defends himself or herself, the employing local
- 235 board of education shall provide for reimbursement of
- 236 reasonable expenses for his or her legal services.
- (c) (1) Each local board of education may provide legal
- 238 services for officers and employees of the board who are
- 239 charged with civil or criminal actions arising out of and in
- 240 the course of the performance of assigned duties and
- 241 responsibilities.
- 242 (2) In any case in which an employee pleads guilty or
- 243 nolo contendere or is found quilty, the employee shall
- 244 reimburse the local board of education for any expenses for
- legal services that the local board incurred pursuant to this
- 246 subsection.
- 247 (3) Each meeting that a local board of education
- 248 expends funds for the legal defense of an employee, or for
- 249 reimbursement pursuant to this section, shall be an open
- 250 meeting pursuant to Chapter 25A of Title 36, Code of Alabama
- 251 1975.
- 252 (d) In cases in which a teacher faces litigation or

- 253 professional sanctions for an action taken based on his or her
- 254 classroom management, there is a rebuttable presumption that
- 255 he or she was taking necessary action to restore or maintain
- 256 the safety or instructional atmosphere of his or her
- 257 classroom.
- (e) This section shall not be construed to eliminate,
- 259 alter, or otherwise modify any other immunity regarding
- officers, employees, or agents of the state established under
- 261 the Constitution of Alabama of 2022, and the laws of this
- 262 state.
- 263 (f) A teacher may not be reprimanded or otherwise
- 264 subjected to disciplinary action by his or her principal, a
- local board of education, or the State Board of Education if
- 266 his or her actions are found to be legal and in conformance
- 267 with the policy of the local board of education or the State
- 268 Board of Education.
- Section 4. Beginning with the 2024-2025 school year,
- 270 the State Board of Education shall adopt a model policy that
- 271 reflects the requirements of this act. Each local board of
- 272 education shall adopt and implement the model policy, and each
- 273 local board of education may adopt additional policies
- 274 relating to this act, provided that the requirements of this
- 275 act are met.
- 276 Section 5. This act shall become effective on June 1,
- 277 2024.