

- 1 SB58
- 2 YTEI66N-1
- 3 By Senators Orr, Melson
- 4 RFD: Banking and Insurance
- 5 First Read: 06-Feb-24



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4 SYNOPSIS:

Existing law does not provide general privacy protections for an individual's DNA.

This bill would make it a crime, with exceptions including criminal investigation and certain legal proceedings, to collect, analyze, or transfer an individual's DNA without the individual's express consent. The bill would require notice to an individual of results of a genetic test undergone by the individual when applying for employment, a loan, credit, an educational opportunity, and certain types of insurance.

This bill would also prohibit health, life, and long-term care insurers from using the results of an individual's DNA analysis to make coverage and premium decisions, and authorize the Commissioner of Insurance to enforce the prohibition.

Section 111.05 of the Constitution of Alabama of 2022, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exemptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or



provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the section. However, this bill does not require approval of a local government entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the section.

40 A BILL

41 TO BE ENTITLED

42 AN ACT

2022.

Relating to genetic privacy; to make it unlawful with certain exceptions to procure, use, or transfer an individual's DNA without the individual's express consent; to provide criminal penalties for violations; to prohibit entities that issue health, life, and long-term care insurance coverage from discriminating against individuals on the basis of genetic test results; and to authorize the Commissioner of Insurance to enforce the prohibition; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Section 111.05 of the Constitution of Alabama of

56 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:



- 57 Section 1. For the purposes of Sections 1 and 2, the 58 following terms have the following meanings:
- (1) DNA ANALYSIS. The medical and biological
 examination and analysis of an individual's DNA to identify
 the presence and composition of genes in that individual's
 body. The term includes DNA typing and genetic testing.

- (2) DNA SAMPLE. Any human biological specimen from which DNA can be extracted, or the DNA extracted from the specimen. The term does not include a routine chemical, blood, or urine analysis unless conducted for the purpose of DNA analysis.
- (3) EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY. The right of the individual whose DNA has been extracted or analyzed to exercise control over his or her DNA sample and any results of his or her DNA analysis with regard to the collection, use, retention, maintenance, disclosure, or destruction of the sample or analysis results.
- (4) EXPRESS CONSENT. An authorization by an individual whose DNA is to be extracted or analyzed, or by that individual's legal guardian or authorized representative, which is memorialized in writing or in an electronic format demonstrating an intentional decision, after the individual receives a clear and prominent disclosure in writing regarding the manner of collection, use, retention, maintenance, or disclosure of a DNA sample or results of a DNA analysis for specified purposes. A single express consent may authorize every instance of a specified purpose or use.
- Section 2. (a) Except as provided in this section or in



- Section 3, an individual may only perform a DNA analysis with 86 express consent. The results of a DNA analysis, whether held 87 by a public or private entity, are the exclusive property of
- 88 the individual tested, are confidential, and may not be
- 89 disclosed without express consent.

individual:

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- 90 (b) A person who performs a DNA analysis or receives
 91 records, results, or findings of a DNA analysis shall provide
 92 the individual tested with notice in writing that the analysis
 93 was performed or that the records, results, or findings were
 94 received. The notice shall state any of the following that may
 95 be applicable under the express consent given by the
- 97 (1) That upon the written request of the individual 98 tested, the information will be made available to his or her 99 physician.
- (2)a. That if the DNA sample was taken and the DNA 100 101 analysis was performed as part of the individual's application 102 for an educational opportunity, employment, loan, mortgage, 103 credit, or insurance other than health insurance, life 104 insurance, or long-term care insurance, the notice shall state 105 that the results of the DNA analysis were used in a decision 106 to grant or deny the individual's application for any of the 107 same.
- b. That if the information was used in any decision
 that resulted in a denial, the analysis shall be repeated to
 verify the accuracy of the first analysis, and if the first
 analysis is found to be inaccurate, the denial shall be
 reviewed.



- 113 (c) This act does not apply to the collection of a DNA
 114 sample, performance of a DNA analysis, or the results of a DNA
 115 analysis used for the purposes of any of the following:
 - (1) Criminal investigation or prosecution.
- 117 (2) Compliance with a subpoena, summons, or other
 118 lawful court order.
- 119 (3) Compliance with federal law.

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- 120 (4) Medical diagnosis, conducting quality assessments, 121 improvement activities, or treatment of a patient when either 122 of the following are true:
- a. Express consent for clinical laboratory analysis of the DNA sample was obtained by the health care practitioner who collected the DNA sample.
- b. The medical diagnosis, quality assessments,
 improvement activities, or treatment of a patient was
 performed by a clinical laboratory certified by the Centers
 for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- 130 (5) Determination of paternity pursuant to Chapter 17
 131 of Title 26 of the Code of Alabama 1975, or custody pursuant
 132 to Chapter 3 of Title 30 of the Code of Alabama 1975.
- 133 (6) Any purpose authorized pursuant to Article 2 of 134 Chapter 18 of Title 36, Code of Alabama 1975, or Section 135 12-15-135, Code of Alabama 1975.
- 136 (7) Conducting research, and designing and preparing 137 the research, subject to the requirements of, and in 138 compliance with, 21 C.F.R. Parts 50 and 56, and 45 C.F.R. 139 Parts 46, 160, and 164; or using information that is
- 135 Tares 10, 100, and 101, or asing information that is
- $140\,$ deidentified consistent with 45 C.F.R. Parts 160 and 164 and



- 141 that is originally collected and maintained for research
- subject to the requirements of, and in compliance with, 21
- 143 C.F.R. Parts 50 and 56, and 45 C.F.R. Parts 46, 160, and 164.
- Section 3. (a) (1) It is unlawful for a person to
- 145 willfully, and without express consent, collect or retain an
- 146 individual's DNA sample with the intent to perform DNA
- 147 analysis.
- 148 (2) A violation of this subsection is a Class A
- 149 misdemeanor.
- (b) (1) It is unlawful for a person to willfully, and
- 151 without express consent, submit an individual's DNA sample for
- DNA analysis or analyze an individual's DNA sample or arrange
- 153 for the analysis of the same.
- 154 (2) A violation of this subsection is a Class D felony.
- (c) (1) It is unlawful for a person to willfully, and
- 156 without express consent, disclose an individual's DNA analysis
- results to a third party.
- 158 (2) A violation of this subsection is a Class D felony.
- 159 (3) It is not a violation of this subsection to
- disclose an individual's DNA analysis results if the results
- were previously voluntarily disclosed by either the individual
- 162 whose DNA was analyzed or his or her legal guardian or
- 163 authorized representative.
- 164 (d)(1) It is unlawful for a person to willfully, and
- 165 without express consent, sell or otherwise transfer an
- 166 individual's DNA sample or the results of an individual's DNA
- 167 analysis to a third party, regardless of whether the DNA
- sample was originally collected, retained, or analyzed with



- 169 express consent.
- 170 (2) A violation of this subsection is a Class C felony.
- 171 (e) Each instance of collection or retention,
- 172 submission or analysis, or disclosure, sale, or transfer in
- 173 violation of this section constitutes a separate violation for
- which a separate penalty is authorized.
- 175 Section 4. (a) For the purposes of this section, the
- 176 following terms have the following meanings:
- 177 (1) DNA Analysis. The same meaning as in Section 1 of
- 178 this act.
- 179 (2) GENETIC INFORMATION. Information derived from DNA
- 180 analysis to determine the presence or absence of a
- 181 scientifically identifiable gene, chromosome, or mutation,
- including carrier status, in an individual's DNA sample which
- is believed to cause a disease, disorder, or syndrome, or is
- 184 associated with a statistically increased risk of developing
- the disease, disorder, or syndrome, for which the individual
- is asymptomatic at the time the DNA sample was taken.
- 187 (3) HEALTH INSURER. Any person that offers for sale or
- 188 administers a health insurance plan in this state, or
- 189 contracts with health care providers to furnish specified
- 190 health care services including hospital, physician, and
- 191 medical treatment to enrollees covered under a health
- insurance plan, including preferred provider policies and
- 193 health maintenance organization subscriber contracts.
- 194 (4) LIFE INSURER. Any person that offers or administers
- 195 contracts that pay money to a designated beneficiary in one
- 196 lump sum or in installments upon the death of the insured,





- including annuity contracts, combined life and health and accident insurance, and including but not limited to those
- 199 policies regulated by Chapters 15, 16, and 18 of Title 27,
- 200 Code of Alabama 1975.
- 201 (5) LONG-TERM CARE INSURER. Any person that offers or 202 administers long-term care insurance policies as defined in 203 Section 27-19-103, Code of Alabama 1975.
- (b) (1) In the absence of a diagnosis of a condition
 related to genetic information, a health insurer, life
 insurer, or long-term care insurer authorized to transact
 business in this state may not cancel, limit, or deny
 coverage, or establish differentials in premium rates, based
 on the information.
- 210 (2) A health insurer, life insurer, or long-term care
 211 insurer may not require or solicit genetic information, use
 212 the results of DNA analysis, or consider an individual's
 213 decisions or actions relating to DNA analysis or genetic
 214 information provided to the individual in any manner for any
 215 insurance purpose.
- issuance of an accident-only policy, dental policy, vision
 policy, or supplemental insurance such as a hospital indemnity
 or fixed indemnity policy, or any other actions of an insurer
 directly related to an accident-only policy, dental policy,
 vision policy, or supplemental insurance such as a hospital
 indemnity or fixed indemnity policy.
- 223 (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed as 224 preventing a health insurer, life insurer, or long-term care

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- 225 insurer from accessing an individual's medical record as part 226 of an application exam. Nothing in this section prohibits a 227 health insurer, life insurer, or long-term care insurer from 228 considering a medical diagnosis included in an individual's 229 medical record, even if a diagnosis was made based on the 230 results of a DNA analysis. 231 (c) A certificate of authority issued by the Department 232 of Insurance to an insurer is subject to suspension, 233 revocation, or other administrative penalty provided by law at the discretion of the Commissioner of Insurance for any 234 235 violation of this section. 236 Section 5. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of 237 238 local funds, this bill is excluded from further requirements 239 and application under Section 111.05 of the Constitution of
- Alabama 2022, because the bill defines a new crime or amends
 the definition of an existing crime.

 Section 6. This act shall become effective on October

243 1, 2024.